THE JERUSALEM POST

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 16, 1957

PRICE : 120 PRUTA
VOL. XXXIII, No. 8711

חסכון פרס
PALESTINE DISCOUNT BANK LTD.

MARGINAL COLUMN
By ERAYA SHAPIRO

THE bitter taste of anti-Semitism is fortunately lacking in the Sabra set of values. Even the immigrant who remembers the anti-Semitic utterances and deeds of his former fellow citizens is inclined to consider them as belonging to the world of the past. The very foundation of Herzl's drive for a Jewish State which was the conviction that World anti-Semitism can be avoided by the establishment of a Jewish State, seems unreal to the average Israeli, young or old. World anti-Semitism, if it ever existed, must be dead and buried with Hitler, its last exponent. What use can a grown-up, educated world have for such mediaeval notions?

•

MAJOR-General J.F.C. Fuller, in writing his "Military History of the Western World," makes no bones of his conviction that the Jews caused most of the trouble for peace-loving nations. The third volume, an addition to the author's famous "Fifteen Battles that Changed World History," contains a glowing account of Hitler's military genius. Moreover, it contains a poised and concentrated attack on the governments of Great Britain and the United States for joining the anti-German coalition instead of helping Hitler to deal a death blow to the real enemy of the Western World, Soviet Russia. The evil spirit which deflected the Western world from the right and proper course was that of the Jews. The leaders of the West, instead of taking the realistic road and waving away emotional considerations, united instead against Nazi atrocities — which were none of their business. Maj.-Gen. Fuller has not qualms about atrocities. In his earlier volume he gave full marks to Ferdinand and Isabella of Spain for their persecution of Jews — it was the most natural thing to do in order to ascertain the homogeneity of the newly-won Christian Kingdom.

•

MAJ.-General Fuller was Hitler's friend. He met him on several occasions, and was of the opinion that Hitler "possessed a dual personality. At one moment he was Adolf, like any normal man, and at another Herr Gott, when to argue with him was, of course, absurd." One feels Gen. Fuller was hardly inclined to argue, for he largely endorses Hitler's policies. He fully supports the observations of the Polish Ambassador to Washington who in January 1939 (barely 18 years ago) explained to his Government that "individual Jewish intellectuals" such as Bernard Baruch, Governor Lehman, Judge Felix Frankfurter and Henry Morgenthau had a personal grip on President Roosevelt. "All of them want the President to become the protagonist of human liberty, religious freedom, and the right of free speech..." In fact, Count Potoski is quoted by Maj.-General Fuller as saying that this group of people was interested only in promoting the interests of "World Jewry," and constituted "a dangerous centre in the New World for the dissemination of hatred and enmity."

•

THIS military historian explains that Britain had never been in any real danger from Germany. The Battle of Britain was a hoax to drive the U.S. into the anti-German alliance. Hitler only decided to invade Norway because British sailors attacked the German ship Altmark in Norwegian waters. Hitler's war in Russia failed because he did not offer the Ukrainians and Bielorussians the freedom they asked for. "As will be seen — setting morality aside — his barbarities towards the subjugated peoples as well as the Muscovites were not so much misplaced as mistimed."

•

SUCH assertions sound fantastically strange in the middle of the 20th century, coming from the pen of a prominent military historian belonging to what is one of the most enlightened cultures of the world at the present time. But the latent anti-Semitism of British military tradition before the First World War has not been shaken in Maj.-General Fuller's case — tenacity is a British characteristic, he notes. The xenophobic Arab machiavellists in Palestine exploited this latent anti-Semitic streak to their best advantage, for most of Palestine Administration were former soldiers — the fact, many times denied, was later corroborated by British documents.

•

NOW, of course, Arab politicians, in their anti-European struggle, use what remnants of anti-Semitic feeling they can discover among certain Europeans (or Americans) to help undermine the State these pro-European Semites have established in their ancient fatherland.

Jerusalem, January 16.

No Economic Aid Yet to M-E—Dulles

WASHINGTON, Tuesday. — Secretary of State John Foster Dulles said today that under the new Eisenhower plan for the Middle East, economic aid to Israel, Egypt and Jordan would continue to be deferred until a "closer look" at the situation was taken.

He said that economic aid would be given under the programme as previously but with some adjustments. Assistance to the three countries was suspended in November.

Mr. Dulles stated that it was impossible to be sure that the arms given to the Arabs might not be used against Israel. War supplies were most needed in states bordering on the Soviet Union and to some extent in Saudi Arabia, but he felt that it would be unwise to supply arms to Israel or the neighbouring Arab states. However, under some future circumstances Egypt and Syria might get U.S. military and economic aid.

The Secretary declared that in the past arms were provided in small amounts by the U.S. to all parts of the Middle East except the Yemen.

Mr. Dulles testified for the second day at a joint meeting of the Senate Foreign Relations and Armed Services Committees. Mr. Dulles said there is "very great likelihood" American troops will have to fight in the Middle East unless Congress approves the Eisenhower Doctrine resolution. He estimated at "very much less" than 50-50 the chances of U.S. forces fighting in the Middle East if Congress approves the President's proposal.

But "if this resolution passes," he added, "there is very little likelihood" that U.S. forces would have to go to war in that region.

In further replies, Mr. Dulles made these points:

1) The U.S. had no present plans to give economic aid to Egypt. Specifically, the Administration could not contemplate contributing to the Aswan Dam.

2) He did not propose that the U.S. "pick up the British cheque" for an annual subsidy to Jordan. However, he did not exclude Jordan from the list of countries which might be given economic aid under the resolution.

3) The Administration had given thought to possible creation of a Middle East development authority to which in normal times oil-producing nations might contribute.

Mr. Dulles told Congress he could think of nothing that would better turn the Middle East over to international Communism more easly "than for us to go in there hand in hand with the British and French."

Sen. Estes Kefauver, the 1956 Democratic Vice-Presidential candidate, questioned Mr. Dulles closely as to whether the U.S. had consulted either its European allies or Middle Eastern countries in the framing of the resolution. He reminded Mr. Dulles that the latter had said yesterday that Britain and France had the greatest interest in the Middle East "yet you made no effort to get the British and French to join in this proposal?"

Mr. Dulles replied, "I do not think it would have been in the U.S. interest to do so. At the present time, feeling has run pretty high in the (Middle East) area." He thought it had been generally recognized that it would be "counter-productive" for certain nations to be too closely associated in the formation of policy for the area.

Mr. Kefauver asked whether any consideration had been given to the 1950 Tripartite Declaration guaranteeing Israel's frontier and its expansion to meet the danger of Communist aggression.

Mr. Dulles said no such consideration had been given. Britain and France had indicated that they regarded the Tripartite Declaration as no longer binding.

Egypt Nationalizes U.K., French Banks

CAIRO, Tuesday. — Egypt today nationalised British and French banks in the country, it was officially announced.

The actual value of British and French banking institutions was not given, but the Government-controlled Middle East News Agency quoted an official source as saying the estimated value of "enemy property" in Egypt was well over £168m.

The agency also announced that the Government has decided that in future the Ministry of Industry will supervise all industrial establishments. It recalled that Egypt already has claimed compensation for damages and losses sustained by her through the British-French and Israel attack on her territories.

The official announcement said the British and French banking institutions were "Egyptianised." It said that "fair compensation" determined by a judiciary body would be paid by Egypt.

The banks were placed under the control of a newly-created "Economic Foundation," formed to promote the national economy by supervising public concerns and regulating the Government's co-operation with private enterprise.

The main British banks operating in Egypt are Barclays and the Ottoman Banks while the chief French institutions are Credit Lyonnais and Compt de Paris.

Yemen Occupies 2 Aden Towns

LONDON, Tuesday (UP). — The border war between Britain and the Yemen took a new and serious turn today with reports that Yemenite army units have occupied two towns and 60 square miles of territory inside the Aden Protectorate.

At the same time, the Yemenite envoy to Cairo, Ibn Taleb, charged that British troop concentrations were advancing on the town of Beida inside the Yemen. He said British tanks and aircraft attacked the towns of Hureib and Turelf and several villages "inside Yemenite territory" last Saturday.

Both British and Yemenite reports indicated that the sudden upsurge of border warfare was headed for a climax soon.

An estimated 880 Yemenite troops and irregulars were said involved in operations inside the protectorate. Automatic weapons have been used against British forces, indicating that regular Yemenite army forces were fighting alongside the tribesmen.

Kuwatly: All Israel Consists of Volunteers

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (INA). — President Shukri Kuwatly of Syria today defended the idea of "volunteers" from the Communist bloc aiding the Arabs against Israel, while accusing Israel of using such volunteers from France and other countries.

He expressed his views in an interview appearing in the "U.S. News and World Report." He said that the West was afraid of Soviet "volunteers who were going to come and help us in this crisis."

He alleged that Israel was "full of French and other technicians... When you come down to it the entire population of Israel consists of volunteers who came from Poland, Rumania, Czechoslovakia, Africa and from all over the world... why do you apply your logic to one side and not to the other side."

Syria, he said, bought arms from Russia and would purchase arms from "the devil if necessary."

French Forces Comb Out Algiers Casbah

ALGIERS, Tuesday (Reuter). — Thousands of French troops and police today made a dawn raid on the Casbah, the old Arab quarter in Algiers, in a surprise check.

French authorities said they were searching part of the quarter not covered in a similar operation last week.

Two terrorists were killed in the operation. Two suspects were arrested and large quantities of munitions, including grenades, 50 blocks of explosives, medicines and clothing were seized.

BRITAIN RAPPED IN TRUSTEESHIP BODY

UNITED NATIONS, Tuesday (UP). — Britain's control over the Aden Protectorate, Gibraltar, the Falkland Islands and British Honduras was attacked today in the General Assembly's Trusteeship Committee by Spain, Argentina, the Yemen and Guatemala.

The Netherlands was also criticised for its control over West New Guinea (West Irian) by Indonesia and India, while Tunisia registered a mild protest about a French report on that area.

AMERICA EXPELS SOVIET ATTACHE

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (Reuter). — Major Yuri P. Krylov, Soviet Assistant Military Attaché, has been declared *persona non grata* and asked to leave the U.S. immediately for allegedly buying electronic equipment and trying to purchase military information, the State Department announced today.

The State Department said it had informed the Soviet Embassy that "Major Krylov had engaged in activities incompatible with his diplomatic status by improperly purchasing quantities of electronic equipment.

"On various occasions, Major Krylov had purchased such materials through American intermediaries. In addition, he had attempted to purchase classified military information."

The President with Mrs. Ben-Zvi and the Minister of Police, Mr. Behor Shitreet, accompanied by the O.C. Navy, Aluf Shlomo Tankus, on completing yesterday's visit to the Israel Navy destroyers, Eilat and Haifa. Photo by Braun

Ben-Zvi Navy's Guest for Day

By N.D. GROSS

HAIFA, Tuesday. — The "Battle of Haifa Bay" which resulted in the capture of the Egyptian destroyer, "Ibrahim el-Awal," was described in detail to the President today in the wardroom of I.N.S. Eilat, one of the two destroyers which outmanoeuvred and outshot the 1,000 ton potential invader.

The boyish Commander of the 1,500 ton Eilat, formerly H.M.S. Zealous, told Mr. Ben-Zvi and his party how the "Ibrahim" was detected at 4 a.m. on October 31. A 90-min. battle then ensued in which the Eilat was assisted by her sister-ship, Yaffo. Two Ouragans joined in the fray, sending rockets into the bewildered Egyptian vessel, which was also a former British destroyer, the H.M.S. Cottesmore.

The Commander sent a boarding party to salvage her, and all her crew was saved and taken prisoner.

The President had been piped aboard the Eilat here after she had fired a 21-gun salute. He carefully inspected the entire vessel and watched her crew going through gunnery practice. The Presidential party then crossed the quay and were piped aboard the "Ibrahim," now part of the Israel Navy and renamed I.N.S. Haifa.

In her wardroom, he signed the Visitors' Book which the officers are continuing where the Egyptians were interrupted. He wrote that the vessel

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 9)

France Sees Israel Getting Guarantees

By MAURICE CARR
Jerusalem Post Correspondent

PARIS, Tuesday. — Israel must have guarantees against renewal of raids from Sinai and Gaza, the Arab blockade, and all other dangers which developed since 1948 and which led up to the recent crisis, the Quai d'Orsay spokesman said today.

Replying to a question, the spokesman said that France stands by the 1950 Tripartite Declaration as "one of the foundations" of her policy, which is to maintain the Middle East *status quo* and a balance of power between Israel and the Arab states.

After Foreign Minister Christian Pineau's talk with Secretary of State Dulles in Washington last week, French officials here give the impression, without providing tangible evidence, that the U.S. is approaching the French views, and that Israel finally will obtain adequate international guarantees.

However, the precise form of these guarantees has not yet been defined.

2 JEWS JAILED FOR ANTI-NURI RIOT

Two Jews, Miss Rahima Daoud and Moshe Hayawi, were among 13 Iraqis sentenced by a court martial in Kut to 15 years in prison on a charge of taking part in a demonstration against Nuri Said and the Baghdad Pact, "Al Akhbar," the Baghdad daily, has reported.

St. Catherine's Given Up In 'Perfect Order'

Israel troops yesterday handed over St. Catherine's Monastery, in the Mt. Sinai area, to the U.N. Emergency Force.

A joint declaration signed by Prof. Gerard Garitte, representing UNESCO; Archimandrite Christophorus, the head of the Monastery, and a U.N. officer, was handed to the Israel officer in charge. It said that the Monastery was found to be in perfect order on the departure of the Israelis.

Motion of Censure Defeated 63:11

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Knesset yesterday rejected a Herut motion of non-confidence in the Government by a vote of 63-11, with eight abstentions. Only Herut supported the motion; the coalition parties, the Communists and the Agudа parties opposed it; and the General Zionists abstained.

Mr. Menahem Begin, who presented the motion, asked whether the reason for Israel's withdrawal from El Arish, and the impending withdrawal from Abu Ageila and Kuseima was for military or political reasons.

Mr. Begin further asked whether it had been American

(Continued on Page 3, Col. 1)

Kasim Trial Put Off 4 Weeks

Jerusalem Post Reporter

SOMEWHERE IN ISRAEL, Tuesday. — The court martial of 11 border policemen charged with premeditated murder of 47 Kafr Kasim villagers opened with a legal duel today, and the hearing of witnesses was postponed until February 11 to give the defence more time to prepare its case.

The trial is being held in a specially adapted barracks in a British camp, adjoining a road on which Arab Legion soldiers in 1947 killed 13 men in a convoy to a nearby settlement.

All the accused pleaded "not-guilty" to the charge which was couched in unusual terms. Each was charged with the murder of one or more of the persons listed in the appendix to each charge-sheet. Defence Counsel intimated they may claim "the right of each of the accused to know" whom he is accused of having murdered.

The prisoners were seated on a bench along the wall, behind their seven lawyers, who had a table covered with army blankets on which to put their books and files. The four prosecuting officers had a similar table across the hall. The witness box occupied the centre of the room, and the judges' bench was placed near the further end against a background of the national flag flanked by the State and Defence Forces emblems. There were a few wooden benches at the rear for journalists and members of the public.

The proceedings were opened by Aluf-Mishne Binyamin Halevi, President of the Jerusalem District Court, whose quiet voice and unhurried manner broke the rigidity of the atmosphere. One of the accused, Said Elkariya Sha'aban, a middle-aged Circassian, does not understand Hebrew and an interpreter was promised for the next session.

In order to straighten out technical matters, Judge Halevi called prosecution and defence counsel to his chambers, where they remained for nearly three hours. However, when the proceedings were resumed, some things still remained unsettled.

Egan-Aluf Colin Gillon, State Attorney, conceded that the trial of several accused had been advanced. He agreed to Mr. Asher Levitzky's request to postpone the trial for a month, but opposed Mr. Max Kritzman's suggestion that it be postponed indefinitely.

Mr. Levitzky and Mr. Yosef Azran are appearing for the first accused, red-haired Shmuel Melinky, who wore dark glasses most of the time. Mr. Isaac Orren represents Gavriel Dahan, while Mr. Kritzman and Mr. David Rot-Levy are appearing for Shalom Ofer. Segan-Mishne Moshe Shweig has been assigned by the Advocate General's Department to the defence of Mahloof Harush, Avraham Eliahu, Gavriel Ullisi, Edmond Nahmani and Albert Pahima; while Mr. Gideon Hasid represents Daniel Semanta, Abdul Rahim Ismail and Said Elkariya Sha'aban. The two last-mentioned are Circassians from Galilee.

Most of the prosecution counsel, as well as the judges, are civilians enlisted for reserve duty for the duration of the trial. The judges sitting with Segan-Aluf Halevy are Jerusalem District Court Judge, Rav-Seren Yehuda Cohen and a Regular soldier, Segan-Aluf Tzvika Dror.

The prosecutor is assisted by Segan-Aluf Moshe David and two law officers. Sgt. Tzvi Tezio and Eliahu Lashowski.

Yugoslavs Enter El-Arish as Israel Withdraws 25 Kms. Eastwards

Meir Resuming Talks Today

By JESSE ZEL LURIE, Jerusalem Post Correspondent

UNITED NATIONS, Tuesday.—Ambassador Abba Eban last night conveyed to Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold his Government's decision to withdraw from the entire Sinai desert except for Solomon's Bay. The 30-minute meeting is understood to have been friendly.

It was officially announced today that the Secretary-General will report tomorrow on the state of withdrawal of Israel forces from the Sinai desert.

Mr. Eban yesterday also saw Ambassador John Cabot Lodge, head of the American U.N. delegation. It is understood that Mr. Lodge said that the American position regarding Sinai has not been changed.

Israel's desire to secure guarantees before withdrawing from the Gaza Strip and the gates to the Gulf of Eilat was outlined to Mr. Hammarskjold. Further meetings on this subject are to be expected with the arrival tomorrow of Foreign Minister Golda Meir.

The duration of service and duties of the U.N. Force will have a major bearing on these discussions. Marguerite Higgins reports from Washington in the "Herald Tribune" that the Western allies and a growing number of Congressmen are urging the U.S. Administration to take the initiative and introduce an unequivocal resolution in the U.N. for the maintenance of a UNEF buffer zone between Israel and Egypt until calm returns.

For the time being, the State Department is leaving the disposition of UNEF to Mr. Hammarskjold who has not got a clear resolution to go by.

(UP quotes informed diplomatic sources in Washington as saying that Mr. Hammarskjold is coming round to a more favourable view of proposals for holding buffer zones.)

Meanwhile, Saudi Arabia complained to the Secretary-General and the Security Council that the situation in the Akaba Gulf has been endangered by the acts of "Israel armed aggression." Saudi Arabia's Ambassador, Sheikh Abdullah el Khayyal, asked for no specific action but expressed hope that the U.N. "will be able to find the means to intervene in this matter."

He accused Israel of "a series of naval and air assaults" against Saudi Arabian territory and her territorial waters and gave details of alleged attacks by Israel planes and torpedo boats on January 5, 11 and 12.

An Israel delegation spokesman, commenting on the letter said, "This is part of the Arab policy to restore the blockade in the Gulf of Akaba where freedom of navigation was re-established by Israel after years of Egyptian interference with ships of all nations." *(Reuter, UP)*

'Second Stage' Concluded

By GEORGE LEONOF

EL ARISH, Tuesday.—The Israel's army rearguard unit left El Arish this morning, concluding the second stage of the withdrawal from the Sinai desert as agreed upon between the Israel authorities and the U.N.

The Israel flag, which had fluttered from the balcony of the Military Governor's House for 75 days, was drawn up and folded at 9.35 a.m. in the presence of the Chief of Staff, Rav-Aluf Moshe Dayan, in a brief solemn ceremony. Twenty minutes later, the last Israel convoy from the peninsula's major communications centre started rolling eastwards. Another 15 minutes, and the Yugoslav contingent of the U.N. Emergency Force, which had been bivouacked on the western outskirts of the town under the command of Colonel Rodossovic, entered El Arish.

There was no contact between the main bodies of the Israel and Yugoslav forces.

It was announced that the Yugoslav contingent was being accompanied by four Egyptian police officers, and that 400 Egyptian policemen were to enter the town tomorrow "to maintain order."

Arrangements for the smooth transfer of the town, captured by Israel forces after heavy fighting on November 2, were completed yesterday between the Israel military authorities here, headed by the Military Governor of Sinai Sgan-Aluf Aaron Harsinai, and two UNEF officers, Major Donald Morgan of Canada and Swedish Major Sven Ryden. As the Israel rearguard began its evacuation this morning, Majors Morgan and Ryden drove into the town in two jeeps, saluted Rav-Aluf Dayan, and in a brief exchange both sides declared themselves ready to implement the arrangement.

The last Israel vehicle out of El Arish was followed by Major Morgan in a jeep. Major Sven Ryden led the UNEF unit into the town from the opposite direction.

No Disorders

The elders of El Arish, seeking to avoid disorders during the transfer, had requested the Israel military authorities to extend the night curfew today until such time as the Israel force should leave the town. There were no disorders in El Arish during the "interregnum."

Because of the curfew, the 60 Israel and foreign newsmen and photographers who arrived in El Arish this morning found the streets practically deserted except for a score or so of the town's 30,000 inhabitants standing in doorways.

The Egyptian military camp on the eastern fringe of the town is a shambles, but all other buildings are intact. Doors were closed and shop-fronts shuttered because of the curfew, while a dozen uniformed but unarmed Egyptian policemen were standing outside the police station and shook hands warmly with the Israel officers accompanying the Press on a tour of the town.

Rav-Aluf Dayan flew into El Arish in a Piper Cub about 9.20 a.m. Asked to comment on the withdrawal from El-Arish, the Chief of Staff said the Army must take a practical view of the situation.

In reply to another question, he said that at the moment no further meetings were scheduled between Major-General E.L.M. Burns, Commander of the U.N.E.F., and himself. Any such meeting would depend on instructions from the Israel Government, he added. (Later, in Jerusalem, Foreign Ministry sources said the next meeting between Rav-Aluf Dayan and Gen. Burns might take place towards the end of the week or early next week.)

Dayan: Be Practical

Rav-Aluf Dayan, who with other senior officers remained behind for the final transfer operation after the convoy had moved off, caught up with the troops on the highway to Rafah soon after. The Piper Cub which had flown the Chief of Staff to El Arish circled over the eastbound convoy as it left the town.

Just before the Israel rearguard pulled out, the elders of El Arish gathered outside the Military Governor's House, formerly the El Arish municipal administration, to bid farewell to the Israel command. They expressed their thanks for the Israel care of the population. As they said good-by, a white-bearded *sandak* embraced Sgan-Aluf Harsinai and kissed him.

Half-way along the 60-km. highway between El Arish and Rafah, the convoy passed an Israel unit which had left El Arish earlier. They had already pitched up their tents, set up a road-block and were digging trenches in what now comprises the Israel Army's forward positions in this region.

EDEN TO N. ZEALAND

LONDON, Tuesday (Reuter). — Sir Anthony and Lady Eden will leave on Friday for New Zealand. They has accepted an invitation from Premier S.G. Holland to visit the country.

EGYPTIANS 'BURN' B-G, MOB U.N. PLANE

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — An American journalist who remained in El Arish after the evacuation by Israel troops reported on his return here this evening that the people of the town ran out into the streets to welcome the U.N. forces as they entered the town.

They burned an effigy of Prime Minister Ben-Gurion and brought out pictures of Nasser and President Tito of Yugoslavia.

Maj.-Gen. E.L.M. Burns, Commander of the U.N. Emergency Force, arrived in a helicopter at 11 a.m., about an hour after the Israel forces left. The helicopter was mobbed and had to take off again immediately for its own protection. It landed later when the field was cleared.

A U.N. jeep driven by a Canadian officer was stopped by a mob and the roof was smashed. The officer could not radio to the Yugoslav troops for help because the antenna was put out of commission, and he turned about.

The crowds that roamed the streets shouted anti-Israel slogans, such as "Rafah is not far enough!"

By noon the demonstrations had quieted down.

The correspondent, Mr. Robert Hewitt, of the "Minneapolis Star," and Mrs. Hewitt were given permission to remain behind because they were accredited to the U.N.

1,200 Egyptians Repatriated

Jerusalem Post Reporter

EL ARISH, Tuesday.—More than 1,200 Egyptian civilians were repatriated today from Gaza and Rafah with the evacuation of El Arish by Israel forces. The Egyptians were moved from the Gaza Strip to El Arish during the last week, and were left behind when the Israelis moved back 25 kilometres towards the international border this morning.

A total of 464 Egyptian nationals (200 children, 85 women, and 180 men) were brought here from Gaza yesterday. Last Tuesday and Wednesday, 757 were moved into El Arish from Rafah. They were mainly railway and public service workers and their families who were left behind when the Egyptians retreated at the beginning of November.

Negotiations took place last month through the Red Cross for their repatriation, and the Egyptians agreed to take back the dependents, but not the men. The evacuation of El Arish provided the opportunity for returning all the Egyptians.

A letter written by an Egyptian physician, attached to UNRWA, Dr. Wadi Wasia, was shown to reporters here today. In it the physician thanked the Israel authorities for providing food and suitable housing and supplying the immediate needs of the Rafah families during their stay in El Arish.

Dr. Louis Gailland, the Red Cross representative in Israel, said that the Gaza families had been well cared for by the Israelis and that negotiations were under way for the return of the furniture and other belongings of the repatriated families.

Dr. Gailland said that if all went well an exchange of Israel and Egyptian prisoners-of-war would begin on Thursday through El Arish. He thought that one group of 300 Egyptian prisoners would be handed over for the four Israelis in Egyptian hands. Subsequently, further groups of 500 prisoners would then be exchanged daily until all the 5,881 Egyptians held in Israel were returned.

(The Foreign Ministry spokesman said in Jerusalem last night that nothing was yet known of a definite plan for an exchange of prisoners.)

Among the detainees were the brother of General Abdul Hakim Amer, the Egyptian Chief of Staff, and the brother of Abdul Khalek Hassouna, Secretary-General of the Arab League. Another is believed to be the son of Hassan Hodaibi, former Secretary-General of Egypt's now defunct Moslem Brotherhood.

FURTHER AID FOR UNRWA IN GAZA

Further steps have been taken by the Government to facilitate the work of UNRWA in the Gaza Strip — the Foreign Ministry spokesman said in Jerusalem last night.

The Ministry has notified UNRWA Headquarters in Beirut that the Israel Government will cover all transport expenses of its goods delivered to the Gaza Strip. This includes cost of unloading in Haifa, all port dues and fees, stacking, loading on trains and unloading in Gaza, as well as cost of rail transport. Israel has also agreed to exempt all UNRWA goods from customs duty and taxes.

MARKING Israel's new border, yesterday, 25 kms. east of El Arish and about 30 kms. southwest of Rafah.

Two Infiltrators Seized in Negev

Two infiltrators, one of them wounded, were captured early yesterday morning by an Israel patrol between Kibbutz Gevulot and Kibbutz Tse'elim, in the Western Negev, the Army spokesman announced last night. A third infiltrator managed to get away.

A few days ago, a convoy of seven camels laden with ammunition was caught south of Eilat, it was learned in Beersheba.

Reports show that a daily average of three to four persons are caught while trying to cross from the Gaza Strip to Jordan. Sometimes groups of 30-40 persons try the journey with the help of guides who are known to the police for their acts of sabotage in the past. But there are also cases of persons returning to the Strip after discovering that life in Jordan is not to their liking.

Index Up Two Points In December

The cost of living index rose by two points during December to reach 250 points, according to figures published by the Central Bureau of Statistics yesterday. There will be no change in the c-o-l allowance, however.

The rise resulted from increased prices for potatoes, tomatoes, egg plant, green pepper and bananas. The rise in electricity rates and bus fares, following the defence levy imposed late in November, also contributed to the index rise.

Off-setting these increases were the lower prices registered for poultry, citrus, cabbages and radishes.

JORDAN AID PACT TO BE SIGNED TOMORROW

CAIRO, Tuesday (UP). — King Saud of Saudi Arabia and King Hussein of Jordan are expected here on Thursday to sign an agreement giving Jordan financial aid to replace Britain's £12m. annual subsidy, press reports said today. Abdul Nasser would also sign the agreement.

Jewish Bodies Rap Terror in Egypt

NEW YORK, Tuesday (INA). — Four major Jewish organisations accredited to the U.N. as consultative bodies and representing a membership of more than two million, submitted to Secretary-General Dag Hammarskjold yesterday a White Paper on the Egyptian Government's violation of the "rights, status and very existence" of the Jews in Egypt.

The groups which signed the document include the American Jewish Committee, the Agudat Israel World Organization, the Consultative Council of Jewish Organizations, and the Coordinating Board of Jewish Organizations.

Meanwhile, B'nai B'rith's monthly magazine quoted its correspondent from Egypt that former officials of Hitler's Nazi regime are directing the campaign of terror against Egyptian Jews. The organization sent a copy of the report to Secretary of State Dulles with the request that the State Department seek a prompt investigation

DUBEK 10
WITH FINEST MACEDONIAN TOBACCO

Social & Personal

The President and Mrs. Ben-Zvi entertained to lunch on Monday Mrs. Rama Lindheim, of Kibbutz Mishmar Ha'emek, on the occasion of her 70th birthday. Other guests included Mrs. Miriam Granott, Mrs. A. Dushkin, Mrs. Z. Bentov, Dr. and Mrs. K. Mann and Mr. and Mrs. H. Viteles.

•

Mr. Gershon Agron, Mayor of Jerusalem, will speak on "Jerusalem and the Rotarians" at today's Rotary Club meeting at the Y.M.C.A., 1.15.

•

Mr. and Mrs. Lessing Rosenwald were the luncheon guests of Prof. and Mrs. Walter C. Lowdermilk at their home on Mt. Carmel yesterday.

•

Professor Godfrey Driver, Professor of Semitic Philology at Oxford University, will lecture on "The Origin and Development of the Hebrew Language," under the auspices of the Hebrew University, at the Ratisbonne Building, Hall 72, at 8.30 p.m.

On Monday night Professor and Mrs. Driver were welcomed at a reception given in their honour at the home of the President of the University and Mrs. B. Mazar.

•

District Court Judge J. Lamm will speak on "Distribution of Powers in the State" at the weekly meeting of the Herzliah-Kfar Shmaryahu Rotary Club today at the Sharon Hotel.

•

Mr. Y. Kessary, former Rotary Administrative Adviser, will speak on "25 Years of the Haifa Rotary Club" before a Haifa Rotary Club ladies luncheon at the Appinger Hotel today. It will be attended by the British Ambassador and Lady John Nicholls and the Rotary Administrative Adviser and Mrs. W. Aron.

•

The Israel Oriental Society-Hebrew University, Tel Aviv Branch, regrets to inform its members that the lecture by Mr. Reuven Barkatt, scheduled for this evening, has been postponed owing to unforeseen circumstances.

•

BIRTHS

KAHN — To Miriam, nee Petrushka, and Eli — a daughter on January 15, 1957, Jerusalem.

•

VAN ADELSBERG — To Erica and Martin — a daughter, Judith — on January 12, 1957, in Syracuse, U.S.A.

•

BAR MITZVAH

The Bar Mitzvah of Ya'acov, son of Mr. Reuven Trostler, Architect, and Dr. Corina Trostler, will take place at the Rehavia Synagogue, Rehavia, Jerusalem, on Saturday, January 19. Reading of the portion of the Torah at 9.30 a.m. Reception 11 to 1 at their home, 5 Rehov Shlomo Molcho, Rehavia. This is the only intimation.

Tu Bishvat Plantings In Children's Wood

The first trees of a projected 50,000 in a Children's Wood will be planted tomorrow, Tu Bishvat, by 3,500 pupils in the last two grades of Jerusalem elementary schools.

Part of the planned million tree Jerusalem Forest, the Wood is adjacent to Mt. Herzl.

Children of 84 elementary schools throughout the country will tomorrow plant a total of 12,000 saplings provided by the Jewish National Fund.

Cinemas

JERUSALEM

At 3.30, 6.30 and 8.30 p.m.

ARNON: Pillars of the Sky.
EDEN: Beau Brummell, 2nd week.
EDISON: Rock, Rock, Rock.
ORGIL: Attack.
ORION: The Ladykillers.
ORNA: The Last Wagon.
RON: My Sister Eileen.
STUDIO: Forbidden Fruit.
TEL OR: Miami Story.
ZION HALL: "Papa, Maman, Ma Femme et Moi."

TEL AVIV

At 3.30, 7.15 and 9.15 p.m.

ALLENBY: All that Heaven Allows, 3rd week.
ARMON DAVID: "Continente Perduto," 3rd week.
CHEN: Reach for the Sky, 2nd week.
EDEN: Shree 420, 3rd week. Performances at 3, 6.15 and 9.15.
ESTHER: Viva Las Vegas, 4th week.
HAMELACH: Those Who Dare, 5th week.
MOGRABI: Carousel.
MIGDALOR: "C'est La Vie Parisienne."
OPHIR: Rock Around the Clock, 2nd week.
ORION: The Man With the Golden Arm, 4th week.
SHDEROTH: Aida.
TAMAR: Summertime.
TCHELET: Cockleshell Heroes, 4th week.
YARON: The Court Martial of Billy Mitchell.
ZAMIR: "Cuore Ingrato," 18th week.

HAIFA

AMPHITHEATRE: The King and I, 2nd week.
ORAH: The Living Desert, 4th week.
ARMON: "Chnouf," 2nd week.
EN DOR: Trouble in Store.
ORLY: The Man Who Never Was.
MORIAH: The Rose Tattoo.
MAY: The Court Jester, 2nd week.
ORION: A King Before Dying.
ATZMON: Casanova.
PEER: Awara, 3rd week.
GAL OR: "Le Belle Di Roma." Matinee: Captain Caution.

Landlords Want Government To Build Shelters First

By MACABEE KASKIN, Jerusalem Post Reporter

"The Government should set an example for private landlords by building shelters in the houses it owns," Mr. Aharon Valero, Chairman of the Jerusalem Landlords Association, stated yesterday.

He was commenting on reports that the Jerusalem Municipality is about to file a series of charges against landlords who have failed to build shelters. It is learned that the city does not expect to sue the Government, which through the Development Authority in the Finance Ministry is Jerusalem's largest landlord. The city believes that an agreement can be reached with the Authority, thus avoiding court action.

However, the Finance Ministry spokesman said yesterday that the Authority was not planning on building any shelters in the immediate future. The matter is still in the "discussion" stage, he said.

The Authority owns entire quarters of the city, such as Baka'a, Katamon, Mishkenot Romema, and large parts of the German Colony, the Greek Colony and Talbieh.

Few shelters have been built in either private or Government-owned buildings in the capital. Although no survey has been made, it is believed that the overwhelming majority of landlords have taken no steps to obey the law.

The Municipality opened an office to advise tenants or landlords during 1956. Only some 70 persons applied, of whom half actually got around to building a shelter.

Mr. Valero said that he did not expect the Authority to build shelters in its houses, only to realize that the law, as it stood at present, could not be implemented since it imposes an unfair burden on the individual landlord.

The Civil Defence Law (1951) provides that in houses erected before July 1, 1948, the landlord and tenants shall share equally the cost of the project. In those built after this date, the landlord has to pay 75 per cent.

(At present, all new houses in Jerusalem are being erected with shelters, since the Municipality's Engineering Department refuses to permit contractors to finish the building before the law has been complied with.)

One consideration, the enormous outlay needed to put up a shelter and which would exceed any rent increase over several years, is preventing both private and public landlords from fulfilling the law.

The Landlords Association brought this to the attention of the Minister of Interior early in 1956, pointing out that shelters "do not protect the house, only the tenants." The Minister was asked to press for a revision of the law so that tenants would pay a greater share. However, nothing came of these discussions.

Haifa started suing landlords some time ago, and Tel Aviv only recently.

Safad Employees Boycott Official

SAFAD, Tuesday.—The Municipality staff yesterday demanded the dismissal of the treasurer, Mr. Levavy, who they charge with wantonly stirring up disputes and trouble in the administration and hindering them in their work.

They also decided not to cooperate with him and to sever all contact with him. Only a few senior employees will be authorized to speak to him.

Levavy recently asserted that the employees of the Water Supply Department had abused their office. Police investigated every detail of his charges and found them unfounded. The Municipal staff also demand the expulsion of his helpers from the Histadrut.

JERUSALEM

• Exhibitions:—
Permanent exhibition at the Department of Antiquities, 25 Rehov Shlomo Hamelekh. New rooms: Prehistory and Israelite period. Educational exhibit: How to arrange small local collections. Special exhibit: Finds from excavations in Jerusalem 9-1, 3-5. (Fridays and eves of holidays 9-1; Saturdays and holidays, 10-1.)

Conquest of the Desert, Permanent Exhibition. Daily from 10-1 4-6. On Friday from 10-1 only, closed on Saturday.

1) Works by Marc Chagall. 2) Contemporary Dutch Graphic Art. 3) Iranian Ceramics, 1500 B.C.—1800 C.E. Exhibit of the Month. Door of an Imamzada (Shi'ite Shrine) Persia, Ispahan, 1293 C.E. (693 A.H.) Bezalel, 9-1, 3-5.

Exhibition of Oil Painting by Fanny Hefter, Paris; Collective exhibition of Israel painters. Nora Art Gallery, 9 Malmon, 10-2; 3-6.

1) Oil Paintings and Gouaches by Ruth Bamberger. 2) Oil Paintings and Drawings by Ruth Schloss. 3) Sculptures by Bruno Simon. Artists House, 10-1, 3-6.

• Tu Bi'Shvat Party: — Sponsored by Canet. Refreshments and artistic programme. Kings Hotel, 6.30. Tickets: IL2.

• Lecture: — "The International Labour Office." Mr. David Krivine, auspices the U.N. Association. Beit Hillel, Rehov Balfour, 8.15 p.m. Documentary film.

• Tours: — Hebrew University conducted tour. Call 4253, 4077.

• Theatre: — Do-Re-Mi. "Pajama Game." Edison, 8.

"Chapters in Modern Hebrew Literature." Dr. H. Bar-Dayan. Beit Ha'am, 7 p.m.

• Matinee Litteraire: — "Extrait de Tartarin de Tarascon" d'Alphonse Daudet. Centre de Culture Francaise, 3 Beit Yehuda, 5 p.m.

• Menorah Officers Club: — Tu Bi'Shvat Evening, 8.30 p.m.

TEL AVIV

Italian Specialities, Lunch, Dinner, Soups a l'oignon. Luky's Bar, 3 Allenby Rd., Tel. 22752.

Relax in elegant atmosphere with a cup of Espresso, at "Roma," 7 Rehov Ben Yehuda.

• Exhibitions: — 1. Oil Paintings by Yossel Bergner. 2. Drawings by Aviva Uri. 3. Paintings and Sculptures by "The Ten Group". Tel Aviv Museum, 4-10.

Pioneers of American Etchings. Y.M.C.A. House, 10 a.m.—6 p.m.

• Theatre: — Ohel, "The Tavern."

• Scientific Meeting: — Medical Association, Tel Aviv, on "Thyroiditis" a) Exhibition opening at 7.15. b) Panel Discussion opening at 8.30. Beit Harofe, 1 Rehov Hahavatsele (opp. Beit Halka).

HAIFA

• Theatre: — Cameri, "Lady Precious Stream." Armon, 9.

AFULA

• Theatre: — Habimah, "Black on White," 8.

RAMLE

• Theatre: — Ohel, "3-5."

Home Parcel Service Gives Work to Aged

Home delivery of parcels, begun about a month ago in Jerusalem, Tel Aviv and Haifa, has afforded employment to six elderly persons who do the actual distribution, the Ministry of Posts reported yesterday. It is hoped to gradually extend the service to other towns, and to include parcels originating outside Israel.

At present, only parcels weighing less than 15 kgs. are accepted for home delivery in the three main cities. A package arriving at a post office in the early morning is delivered before noon.

Polio Halved in U.S. Following Inoculations

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (AP). — The number of polio cases recorded in the U.S. dropped from 29,270 in 1955 to 15,400 in 1956, the first year in which the Salk Vaccine was widely used, the U.S. Public Health Service has reported.

A WARNING STRIKE of the office staff of the Publishers Association has been called for tomorrow by the Tel Aviv Labour Council over the management's alleged refusal to negotiate a new salary agreement.

Nutting: US Should Back Baghdad Pact

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (Reuter). — Mr. Anthony Nutting, former British Minister of State said on Sunday he did not think that Britain's new Prime Minister, Mr. Harold Macmillan, should make an early visit to Washington to confer on the Middle East with President Eisenhower.

In Britain "it might be thought he was coming for orders, and in the U.S. it might be thought he was coming for dollars," he told a television press conference.

Mr. Nutting said the spade work necessary to repair Anglo-U.S. unity on the Middle East should be done by a junior minister before the Prime Minister visited Washington.

Mr. Nutting, who resigned from the Government after the Anglo-French intervention in Egypt, called on the U.S. to share Britain's military base on Cyprus and to join the Baghdad pact.

He described President Eisenhower's Middle East proposals as a very necessary and very good first step. But it must only be a first step, he said. There must be something to back it up in the form of economic aid and the U.S. getting into that area. The Middle East cannot be defended by declarations any more than can Europe, he said.

The former Minister declared that at the moment the British garrison on Cyprus represented the only support for President Eisenhower's proposals to resist Communist aggression in the Middle East. The Eisenhower Doctrine must be backed by some military mechanism in the area, "and that is the Baghdad pact," he said.

Mr. Nutting said that although he had resigned in disagreement with the decision of Sir Anthony Eden, he thought Sir Anthony's resignation was a tragedy of the very first order. "I regret this tragic end to this very great career in the interests of peace."

Prison, Fine For Chaining Child

A 58-year-old father, who beat, starved and chained up his 12-year-old backward daughter, was yesterday sentenced to two weeks in prison and fined IL75 by Jerusalem Magistrate Y. Basak.

The father, Ya'acov Hatamoff, who is a porter, was found guilty of fastening the child to a window last summer with a chain he used to tie up his donkey. Her screams brought neighbours who called the police.

In court yesterday, Hatamoff claimed that the girl was a menace to children in the neighbourhood and he used this method to control her.

The girl has already been found guilty of attacking a child, and the authorities are trying to place her in an institution.

(Ilan)

ON THE AIR

FIRST PROGRAMME

522, 249, 33.2 & 43.9 M.

News: hourly: 6.25, 7.00 a.m. 1.30, 5.00, 7.00, 9.00 and 11.00 p.m. English: 1.45 p.m. French: 2.00 p.m. Arabic Programme (including News): 8.00 a.m., 3.15 and 9.00 p.m.

6.00 a.m. Morning Programme (Haifa only). 6.30 Religious Service (R). 6.37 Calisthenics. 6.47 Musical Clock (R). 7.15 Morning Melodies (R). 9.00 Close Down.

12.00 Music at Noon—Jeanette Macdonald (R). 12.30 "From the Concert Hall" Mendelsohn: Overture "Calm Sea and Prosperous Voyage." Respighi: "Feste di Roma." (Conductor: Arturo Toscanini). Fekete: "Snow White"—Ballet Suite, arranged from works by Schubert. 2.30 Close Down.

4.00 Dancing Programme. 4.30 The Guitar Festival at Bat Yam. 4.45 "Hebrew Language Corner." 5.06 Weekly Talmud Lesson. 5.30 Youth Corner. 7.15 We Present Tonight. 7.18 Ron Ami. 7.35 Talk by Dr. S. Talmon. 7.50 Cantoral Requests. 8.20 Broadcast by the Minister of Education and Culture and the Minister of Agriculture on the occasion of Tu Bi'Shvat. 8.30 David Gruenschlag (Violin), with Moshe Lustig at the Piano. Fioco: Arioso. Hummel-Helfetz: Rondo. Bloch: "Avoda." Salmanowsky: Nocturne and Tarantella. 8.55 Bible Reading—Melachim 'A'—Chapter 7. 9.15 Newsreel. 9.30 Programme by Shmuel Rosen. 10.00 Daily Hebrew. 10.05 "Literary Corner." 10.30 Evening Tunes. 11.10 Close Down.

SECOND PROGRAMME

407, 468, 235, 48.9 & 33.3 M.

English News: 10.00 p.m.

IMMIGRANTS' HOUR (33.3, 43.9 & 468 M.): 1.45 Mira Hess (Piano). 2.15 Close Down.

5.30 p.m. Programme for Yemenites. 5.45 Hebrew for Beginners, Dr. Kamrat. 6.00 Classical Music Requests. 7.00 Yiddish. 7.30 Ladino. 8.00 News in Easy Hebrew. 8.10 Persian. 8.30 Rumanian. 8.45 Hungarian. 9.00 Interval. 9.30 French. 10.30 Close Down.

KOL ZION LAGOLA (32.3 M.): Programme to South Africa: 6.25 News. 6.35 "Kol Zion Correspondents report..." 6.55 Hebrew programme. 7.05 News in Yiddish.

Programme to U.K.: 11.30 News. 11.40 "Kol Zion correspondents report..." 12.00 Musical Medley.

ARMY PROGRAMME (44.6, 216, 225 & 226 M.): 6.00 Opening. 6.02 Request Favourites. 6.30 Pleasant Tunes. 7.00 News. 7.10 "Library for the Soldier." 7.35 Excerpts from Operas. 8.00 "Among the Flags." 8.30 The Army Orchestras. 9.00 News. 9.15 Dance Music. 10.00 Close Down.

B.B.C. HEBREW BROADCASTS (13.97, 16.96, 16.92, 19.42 M.): 6.30-7.00 p.m. News. News Talk. Youth Magazine.

EMERGENCY PHARMACIES

JERUSALEM: Resnik, 15 Gaza. 9662. Korem Abraham, 19 Refania. 2960.

TEL AVIV: Briman, 56 Allenby, 62252. Nordau, 183 Ben Yehuda. 24578. Yehuda Halevy, 61 Yehuda Halevy, 53159. Kastel, 147 Ibn Gabirol, 32116. Hadassah, Hatikva Qtr., 67664. JAFFA: Briut, 6 Rehov 3, 83429. RAMAT GAN: Amit, 130 Modi'in, 72954. Rama, 66 Jabotinsky. PETAH TIKVA: Fishbein, 6 Hafeta Haim. HOLON: Tikva, Struma 8a. RISHON LE-ZION: Strachilevich. REHOVOT: Klibner, Teller, 941.

HAIFA: Eohar, 2 Arlosoroff, 5423.

EMERGENCY PHYSICIANS

JERUSALEM: Dr. Romanov, 11 Arlosoroff, 61217. Dr. Abeles, 19 Usishkin, 2668.

TEL AVIV: Dr. Griffel, 5 Ben Yehuda, 23496. Dr. Shaham, 1 Syrkin, 25462. JAFFA: Dr. Alkalai, 65 Rehov 4. Dr. Weinberg, 4 Rehov 65.

HAIFA: Dr. Sherman, 2 Hanevi'im, 2424. Dr. Ludwig, 34 Shivat Zion, 67417.

Mollet Seeks Aid For Algeria Debate

PARIS, Tuesday (Reuter). — Premier Guy Mollet on Monday started a major diplomatic campaign among UN member nations to rally support for France in the General Assembly debate on Algeria expected to take place next month.

He discussed the situation this morning with Sir Gladwyn Jebb, Mr. Pietro Quironi and Houbrath von Maltzahn, the British, Italian and West German Ambassadors.

He is now urging that peace-loving nations all over the world have an interest in seeing a settlement in Algeria which takes the interests of both sides into account.

France has rejected in advance any U.N. intervention in Algeria, which is regarded as integral French territory. The Government has agreed to a U.N. debate in which it intends to accuse Egypt of violating French sovereign rights by interfering in Algeria.

M. Pierre Mendès-France, left-wing Radical leader, today declared himself categorically opposed to any U.N. debate on the Algerian situation. In a luncheon speech to the Anglo-American Press Association of Paris, he said:

"The debate would risk aggravating the situation after speeches during which the most violent and extreme passions would develop."

In reply to questions, M. Mendès-France acknowledged that a "good part" of the electorate in a Paris by-election yesterday had approved the Government's Algerian plan. "But I do not approve of that policy," he added.

British Poalei Zion Ask Direct Talks

"The Great Powers are side-tracking the main issue in the Middle East — peace talks for a final settlement," the Executive of Poalei Zion — Jewish Socialist Labour Party — stated in a resolution adopted at an emergency meeting held in London at the beginning of this month.

The resolution urged the British Government and the World Labour Movement to call on the U.N. to work for direct talks between the Arab States and Israel, secure free navigation in the Gulf of Akaba and the Suez Canal and to guarantee that the Sinai Peninsula will not be used for organizing guerilla warfare against Israel.

The resolution also urges a speedy settlement of the Arab refugee problem, the drawing up of a comprehensive plan for the economic development of all states in the area, and putting an end to the arms race.

Killed Widow For Money Under Will

EASTBOURNE, England, Tuesday (UP). — The Crown charged Dr. John Bodkin Adams yesterday with forcing a wealthy widow into drug addiction and then killing her with overdoses of narcotics after she named him in her will.

In addition to the murder charge, there are 16 other charges against Adams. In a request to the Magistrate to clear the court, the defence apparently sought to avoid the presentation of open evidence at this stage of a "system" that might show a pattern of similarity in the deaths of certain of the doctor's patients — all of whom willed him considerable sums of money.

Jilted Husband Kills Wife's New Mate

BEAVERTOWN, Michigan, Tuesday (UP). — A bridegroom of less than a day was shot dead in bed by his wife's former husband on Sunday.

The killer, Harold Lidster, 32, turned himself in at the sheriff's office and signed a confession saying that he shot his ex-wife's husband, Clyde Priest, 20. Lidster was divorced from Mrs. Esther Priest, 32, in February.

Mrs. Priest had two children by her first marriage.

EL YAM VESSEL TAKES TO SEA

HAIFA, Tuesday. — The El Yam Company's new 14,580 ton cargo vessel, the M.S. Har Gilboa, was launched in Hamburg today, the Company announced here. She will be put into service in March. The vessel is already assured of steady cargoes for three years, carrying coal from America to Northern Europe and wheat from the U.S. to Israel, under a Government contract.

Israel Basketball Selected Leaving Sunday on U.S. Tour

The Israel National basketball team is to take up the invitation to play in the United States and Canada and is scheduled to leave Israel for the U.S. on January 20. The party will comprise 12 players and, as usual, a representative from both Hapoel (Mr. Y. Bornstein) and Maccabi (Mr. Y. Rosin).

The players, chosen by Mr. Elmer Ripley, who coached the National team in Israel preparatory for their non-activized participation in the Olympic Games, are: Z. Ofri, M. Hefetz, R. Klein, Y. Gafni, D. Frisch, C. Kastan, S. Shiloah, C. Hazan, A. Lustig, D. Eres, A. Hamor and Y. Feld. Mr. Ripley will accompany the team as coach, during its tour.

On arrival in America, the team will go to the Grossinger Camp, near the West Point Military Academy, for 10 days, and teams from West Point will play against the Israelis as part of their "limbering-up."

According to information received here from the U.S. the team will play the following schedule: Feb. 8 in New York; Feb. 7, Baltimore; Feb. 10, Boston; Feb. 13 Pittsburgh; Feb. 14 Detroit; and Feb. 20 San Francisco. The U.S. Committee to Aid Israel Sport, and its President, Col. Harry D. Henshel, are organising the tour and supervising the preparations, while the Hearst newspaper chain's publicity agents are arranging the programme.

Receipts Divided

The receipts from takings at all matches will be divided, with one half going to the Welfare Fund of the venue town and the other to the U.S. Committee. The Committee, it was disclosed at lengthy meetings prior to the decision to despatch the team, has donated $3,000 to the I.A.S.F. for sending the team to the U.S.

The Basketball Committee of the I.A.S.F. at first opposed the despatch of the team on the grounds that the trip was of no sporting value and was only being sponsored for propaganda reasons. However, after hearing Mr. Haim Glovinski, Hapoel representative who returned from the U.S. last Thursday, the Chairman of the I.A.S.F. appointed a committee to work out the details of the trip.

The final decision to send the team arose only after lengthy discussions.

In addition to the 14-man delegation there will be a representative of the Prime Minister's Office as Information Officer.

Mr. Ripley is reported to have commented, during an interview in connection with the proposed tour, that he believes the Israel team could have done well in the Olympic Games, judging on its two victories in trial games in Bulgaria. Although the men were not "of the best or biggest," Mr. Ripley said they made up for their lack of height by their speed, willingness to learn and accuracy.

A MONUMENT in memory of 22 frontier policemen who fell whist repelling fedayeen gangs and infiltrators along the central region border, will be erected in the near future near Kibbutz Ayal.

Tel Aviv Stock Market

JANUARY 15, 1957

Pop. Loan 1949/50 (IL10)	99½
4 % Comp. Loan 56/61	98½
3½% War Loan 54/59	95½
3½% Gov. Bds. (large)	99½
Pal. Bearer Bds. Ser. 3	91
3½% Tavel Dollar x) y)	73
4 % Reg. Sterling "A"	87½
Pal. Elec. pref. sh. (Ldn.)	249
6½% Bonds 57/64 f)	106
ditto g)	104½
Koors Haycarel 6½ % Deb. 58/65 f)	96½
ditto g)	94½
Igroth Ltd 6½ % Deb 58/65 f)	94½
Bk. Leumi ord. sh.	150
Bearer Savings Cert.	87½
A.F.B. Investmt.	
4½-6% Conv. Deb.	75
ord. sh. "B" reg.	104½
Darit ord. sh. "B" reg.	94½
Ellern's Inv. ord. d)	144
P.E.C. Inv. ord. "B" reg	94½
Gen. Mortg. Bk. ord. sh.	109
Bisur 4% debs. 56/65	81
Nir 6% pre. sh.	77½
Paas 4% debs. 60/64 reg.	76½
"Teva" 5% debs.	81
Afr. Pal Inv. ord. sh.	60
I.L.D.C. ord. sh. reg.	90½
5 % debs.	75
Rassco 6% pref. ord. sh. d)	96½
Ata ord. "B" sh.	99½
6-8% con. debs.	84
"Kardaneh" ord. "B"	90
7% con. debs. 58/65	75½
Molier-Dor ord. sh. reg.	700
Pal.-Brewery 8% con. debs	68½
Assis Bejerano "B" sh.	100
Nesher 6% debs. "A"	111
Pal. Potash "A" ord. Sh.	70½
"Teva" ord. Sh.	99
Pal. Cold St. ord. sh. reg.	197
Delek Ord. sh. "C"	64
Pal. Centr. 8% debs.	96
Mehorot pref. sh.	73½
Jordan Exploration Co. Ord. Sh. reg.	152

Notes: a) purchasing price; b) selling price; c) ex coupon; d) ex-dividend; e) ex-right; f) linked with $; g) linked with C.o.L.; x) in % of IL1,800; y) in per cent.

BASES. — The British Secretary of State for War, John Hare, left Nicosia by air yesterday for Libya on a 10 day tour of Middle East bases.

Notice to the Public

VACCINATION AGAINST SMALLPOX

Owing to the occurrence of smallpox in one of our neighbouring countries, the Israel and Jordan authorities have agreed that persons crossing into the Old City for the Armenian Christmas must be vaccinated against smallpox and obtain a certificate to this effect.

This certificate must be shown when crossing the border.

The vaccination and certificate may be obtained at the nearest Health Office for IL1.

Murray Breaks Two More Swim Records

SYDNEY, Tuesday (Reuter). — Murray Rose, Australia's triple Olympic gold medallist, broke the world swimming records for both the 400 metres and 440 yards freestyle here on Saturday.

He clocked 4 minutes 25.9 seconds, for 400 metres and 4:27.1 for 440 yards. The previous 400 metres record was 4:26.7 held by Ford Konno (U.S.). John Marshall, of Australia, held the 440 yard record of 4:28.1. Rose was competing in the New South Wales State championships.

INVALIDS TO GET MORE BUTTER

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — Sick persons in need of butter in greater quantity will be able to get it, the Consumers Union announced today. In accordance with an agreement between the Government and the dairy owners, additional supplies of Tnuva butter will be made available for persons needing it for reasons of health.

MALTA. — Field Marshal Montgomery, the NATO Deputy Supreme Commander, arrived in Valetta yesterday on a two-day private visit as guest of the Governor of Malta, General Sir Robert Laycock.

HIGHER PRICES FOR ISRAEL CITRUS IN CARGAL CARTONS

HERE ARE FACTS, NOT JUST WORDS! We have received reports on the first Israel Shamutis arriving in England in Cargal Cartons. 17,000 Cargal Cartons of Shamuti citrus unloaded for London market on S.S. "INGRID GORTHON." The Cargal Cartons and fruit arrived in excellent condition. All prices received in London, compared with wood cases according to published report, show that Cargal Cartons with Shamutis received an average of over 3/- Sterling more than Shamutis in the wood cases. Below are the comparisons in the various sizes as received by us:

	*Count 180	Count 210	Count 240	Count 294	Count 336
2 CARGAL CARTONS	64/-	64/-	68/-	69/-	70/-
1 wood case (equal 2 Cargal Cartons)	60/-	62/-	64/-	66/-	67/6
EXTRA for Citrus in Cargal Cartons for the grower and the economy	4/-	2/-	4/-	3/-	2/6

* Each Cargal Carton in this count contains 88 oranges. 2 Cargal Cartons, therefore, contain only 176 oranges in this count, i.e. 4 oranges less.

Average of these Five prices shows 3/- sterling extra for Cargal Cartons pack vs. wood cases.

This means a gain for the growers in this shipment of over 750 pruta where Cargal Cartons were used instead of wood cases. This means a gain for the Economy of Israel in foreign currency and added income, as we have stated, and predicted, year after year for the third year now. This confirms our predictions last week based on results of shipments in Cargal Cartons from Cyprus to England.

CARGAL CARTONS:

- Can be stowed better in ship.
- Can be piled and stacked high.
- Save on weight and volume.

EVERY TIME A CARGAL CARTON IS USED:—

- The country saves and earns foreign currency.
- The grower saves and earns more money.
- The customers receive the citrus in better condition.

Call a Cargal Packageering * expert to show you how to save on packing costs.

At least 4,000,000 cartons of citrus can still be shipped from Israel this season.

Every time a Cargal Carton replaces a wooden case, the Israel Economy saves and earns over $1.00 in foreign currency.

Every time a Cargal Carton replaces a wooden case, the grower earns and saves over IL1.000 extra.

CARGAL COMPANY
AN EXPORT INDUSTRY SERVING EXPORTERS IN ISRAEL, AFRICA AND THE MEDITERRANEAN AREA.

All this information and many other interesting items are being prepared in a booklet—"Report No. 4—Citrus Packing." For a free copy of this interesting Report, please write to Cargal Company, No. 53, P.O.B. 85, Bne Braq.

* Packageering = Packaging + Engineering.

Today's Postbag

WEATHER

FORECAST: Fair with small amount of medium clouds.

	*A	B	C	D
Mt. Cana'an	43	5	12	13
Tiberias	68	8	18	19
Haifa Port	48	7	18	16
Natanya	64	6	17	18
Tel Aviv Kirya	37	4	18	18
Tel Aviv Port	75	5	17	18
Lydda Airport	49	1	18	19
Jerusalem	40	6	15	16
Beersheba	37	2	19	19
Eilat	27	6	21	22
Sdom	48	6	14	20
Gaza	—	—	—	16
Solomon's Bay	—	—	—	24

*A) Humidity at 6 p.m. B) Minimum temp. C) Maximum yesterday. D) Maximum temp. expected today.

ARRIVALS

The Italian Ambassador, M. Benedetto Capomazza, Marquis di Campolattaro, from home leave (by K.L.M.).

Mr. A Eshel, Director of the East European Division of the Foreign Ministry, from a tour of Israel Legations in Warsaw, Prague and Budapest (by Swissair).

Mr. I. Ben-Sira, member of the Association of Architects and Engineers, from an extended visit in Europe and the U.S.

DEPARTURES

Mr. Maurice Fischer, former Israel Minister to Turkey, from France (by Air France).

Dr. S. Lowy, of the Jewish National Fund Head Office, for South Africa and Australia on a J.N.F. mission.

40 FAMILIES from Egypt will arrive in the Negev today, of whom eight will be sent to Kfar Yeruham, 20 to Dimona, seven to Ofakim and five to Beersheba.

* * *

MOSHE MIZRAHI, 25, charged with attacking and slashing the ear of a social worker in Jerusalem on Sunday, was yesterday ordered detained for a psychiatric test to establish his ability to stand trial. *(Itim)*

* * *

A MEETING called on Monday night in Jerusalem by Shurat Hamitnadvim to discuss current and future plans of the organization was called off due to poor attendance.

* * *

UZI BALLPOINT pens manufactured by the Jerusalem Pencil Company were distributed yesterday to every Knesset Member.

* * *

A SUITCASE full of clothes and documents was stolen from the car of a U.N. observer on Monday night when it was parked naer the Kings Hotel in Jerusalem.

* * *

SOME 80 ISRAELIS have been asked to give sworn testimony in Israel Courts on the activities of six suspected Nazis who are being tried by a Vienna Court.

* * *

THE FIRST AUTOMATIC self-service laundry in Beersheba was opened here by Mr. Shlomo Cantor, a local citizen who came from Dublin nine years ago. The laundry is equipped with six machines.

Paula Ben-Gurion Launches Aid Group

An "Immigrants Aid Fund" (Yad La'Oleh), aimed at helping newcomers to find their niche in Israel, was initiated yesterday by Mrs. Paula Ben-Gurion under the auspices of the Working Mothers Organization. The drive, which aims at encompassing all women in the State, was started at a tea given by Mrs. Ben-Gurion in her home in Jerusalem.

The first contributors were Mrs. Rahel Ben Zvi, Mrs. Chaim Weizmann, Mrs. Bernard Van Leer and Mrs. Ben-Gurion.

CENSURE

(Continued from page 1)

economic pressure that had "brought the Government to its knees." If so, would that pressure not be exerted with regard to Tiran as well, and how would it be resisted then?

Premier's Reply

The Prime Minister replied that in none of Mr. Begin's speeches—of the past few years urging the conquest of Israel's historic boundaries, had he ever suggested that the conquest of El Arish or Abu Ageila was necessary for Israel's security.

Small parties which had no prospect of ever having to bear political responsibility could afford to make wild promises, Mr. Ben-Gurion said. But he, as a member of the Government, had to weigh the possible results of a given action against the State's position in the world and its internal situation.

The Sinai action had specific objectives — limited and defined. We will insist on these. But we will not make our struggle more difficult by irresponsible and useless steps.

After the Prime Minister's reply, Mr. Israel Rokach made a statement on behalf of the General Zionists. He said they would "merely abstain" on the non-confidence motion, trusting that the Gaza Strip and the Straits of Eilat would not be given up.

Miss Esther Wilenska, on behalf of the Communists, announced that they would vote against the Herut motion, and demanded the complete withdrawal of Israel forces from all conquered territory, without delay.

It is understood that Ahdut Ha'avoda had announced their intention of making a statement, but later decided not to do so.

Eshkol Plan for Settling Newcomers on Land Accepted

Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — The kibbutz and moshav movements have approved of the plan, outlined last week by Mr. Levi Eshkol, Minister of Finance, to absorb 4,000 new immigrant families in kibbutzim and moshavim.

Because of the heavy immigration expected from Eastern Europe, North Africa and Egypt, and the shortage of manpower in kibbutzim, Mr. Eshkol had proposed to the settlement organizations to accept immigrant families on a two-year trial period as non-members. Housing for the immigrants will be provided by the Jewish Agency.

One of the three major kibbutz movements, Hakibbutz Hameuhad, today decided to accept 200 families next week — even before building on their housing is started.

The immigrants will be required to comply with the established custom of each kibbutz, except as regards their own property which will remain theirs unless they become members. Immigrant families who do not opt to remain in the settlements will retain the rights of immigrants on condition that they do not leave before the conclusion of the two-year period. The age limit of immigrants in the scheme has been set at 40. The kibbutz movements have offered to grant a weekly half-day of study to every immigrant.

The Jewish Agency has offered to provide a loan of IL500 for the immediate absorption needs of the immigrants, but the kibbutzim are claiming the sum as an outright grant. They also consider the Agency's allocation of IL4,500 for the building of each housing unit to be insufficient.

Most of the 4,000 families are to be taken by the three kibbutz movements, Ihud Hakibbutzim Vehakvutsot, Hakibbutz Hameuhad and Hakibbutz Ha'artzi. The moshav movement has agreed to accept 600 families.

No Further Fuel Cuts Foreseen — Kosloff

LYDDA, Tuesday. — No further fuel restrictions were being contemplated, Mr. I. R. Kosloff, Petroleum Commissioner in the Development Ministry, said on his arrival today by "Air France" from Paris after a three weeks visit to France and England.

However, current fuel resources would satisfy all the country's needs only if the present restrictions remained in force, he added. Mr. Kosloff admitted having negotiated for further fuel supplies while abroad, but would not reveal with whom. *(Itim)*

Controls on Carp Should Prices Rise

Should the fish breeders union insist on imposing a rise of 200 pruta on the price of a kilo of live carp, the authorities will consider imposing price controls for the fish, a spokesman of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry announced yesterday.

He was referring to reports that the carp breeders intend to raise the price per kilo of live carp from IL1.800 to IL2.

The spokesman added that the new arrangements for supplying breeders with fodder were such as to make a rise in the price unjustified.

J'lem Labour Council Budget Up 15%

The Jerusalem Labour Council is discussing adoption of a IL705,450 budget for the current year, a 15 per cent increase over 1956.

Most of the income will come from dues which will bring in an expected IL-637,440.

Expenditures include organizational activities (IL-240,950), cultural projects (IL204,250), general expenditure (IL200,250) and repayment of debts (IL60,000).

The Council has 77 full-time and 16 part-time employees.

39 LEBANESE DIE OF SMALLPOX

The death toll in the smallpox epidemic in the Lebanon has risen to 39, according to the Arab News Agency from Beirut yesterday. The disease has struck 170 persons.

Quarantine Station For Eilat Port in a Week

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The Ministry of Health expects to have a quarantine station operating in Eilat Port within a week, it was learned yesterday.

A Ministry sanitation inspector flew down to the southern harbour on Monday to check if sanitation regulations applying to international ports are met with. In another week it is expected that the World Health Organization in Geneva will be informed by Israel authorities that the necessary health arrangements are in order.

Major emphasis will be placed on the inspection of incoming ships to make certain that they are rodent-free. Quarantine inspections will be made by the port physician to safeguard against the import of communicable diseases.

Facilities will also be provided to exterminate rats aboard a ship where necessary and supplying drinking water to any ship requesting it.

Petah Tikva First To End Polio Shots

Jerusalem Post Reporter

The first phase of the inoculation campaign against polio will be completed today in the Petah Tikva district, with "over 99 per cent" of the 5,700 eligible children inoculated with the first shot of Salk vaccine, Ministry of Health sources stated yesterday.

This is the first of the country's 14 health districts to complete its January inoculation campain. It is expected that the Rehovot, Natanya and Ramle districts will have completed their programme by the end of the week.

Today is the last day to receive anti-polio inoculations at the vaccination stations in Upper Tiberias, Afula, Kfar Ata, Kfar Saba, Maadiel, Givatayim and Bnei Brak. The Beit Yisrael station in Jerusalem is also closing this afternoon, while a new station will be opened tomorrow in Katamon at the Hadassah Welfare Centre for eight day.

Parents in Natanya who for some reason failed to inoculate their children may bring them today to the local Tnat Halav between 8 and 1.

Probe into 9 Cases Of Typhoid at Hartuv

Jerusalem Post Reporter

A field investigation into the food, water and sewage systems in the Hartuv area, west of Jerusalem, is being made by a Jerusalem District Health Office team following the outbreak of nine cases of typhoid.

Laboratory investigations have shown that the cases, which occurred in the last three months of 1956, are all caused by the same type of bacteria.

Israel had about 460 cases of typhoid last year and 510 the year before. The disease responds to anti-biotic treatment.

Beersheba Tomorrow To Fete Adopted Unit

BEERSHEBA, Tuesday. — the Beersheba Municipality is preparing a welcome on Thursday for its adopted army unit, a field engineering unit which took part in the Sinai campaign. The soldiers will parade through the town, and a march past will be taken by Alaf Haim Laskov, Chief of the Southern Command, the C.O. Engineers Corps and the Mayor of Beersheba.

Later, the soldiers will be invited to the homes of Beersheba citizens for dinner and in the evening will be taken by their hosts to the cinema.

Residents are queueing up to have their names registered as hosts to the soldiers, with whom Beersheabans had established contacts throughout the Sinai campaign.

Greek Orthodox Vote Monday

By CHRIS ELIOU

The Greek Orthodox patriarchal elections, which were interrupted two months ago due to the unrest in Jordan are to be held next Monday, the Greek Orthodox patriarchal secretary told *The Jerusalem Post* last night. He also said that Father Panagiotis, the Arab parochial priest of Gaza, is expected to cross the lines to Jordan for the elections, having been given permission by the Israel authorities.

Metropolitan Isidors, the Greek Orthodox Archbishop of Nazareth and all Galilee, who is the only member of the Holy Synod from Israel, will also attend as will several Arab clergymen from Arab Orthodox parishes in Israel.

The Greek Orthodox Holy Synod of Jerusalem however is likely to postpone the vote again in face of the demand by Arab clerics, backed by the Arab Community in the Old City, to stand for election as the new Greek Orthodox Patriarch of Jerusalem in succession to the late Kyrios Timotheos Themelis, who died a few months ago.

The Greek Orthodox Synod backs up its stand by pointing out that Patriarchs of Jerusalem have been of Greek origin since ancient times.

All the bishops and Archbishops of the Holy Synod of Jerusalem are of Greek origin.

Archimandrite Pimon, Head of the Russian Orthodox Mission in Israel and two Russian nuns, one of them the Head of the Russian Church in Ain Karem, are expected to cross the lines to Jordan on Friday to celebrate Epiphany.

This is the second time the Jordanians have allowed Russian Church dignitaries to cross the lines after an interval of seven years. The first time was in 1949 when Archimandrite Leonidas crossed over. Since then they have been barred as being Communists.

Last week twenty Russian nuns received a warm welcome when they crossed the lines to celebrate Greek Orthodox Christmas.

RATION NEWS

ALL DISTRICTS: Frozen Meat: 150 gr. coup. 259; temp. 20. 750 gr. per kilo. For Sick persons, 300 gr.

Gov't Exemption Bill to Committee

Jerusalem Post Knesset Reporter

The Knesset yesterday passed to the Internal Affairs Committee a Bill to Amend the Municipal and Government Tax Ordinance (Exemptions).

At present the Government is exempt from paying municipalities the General Arnona and Property Arnona on its property. The amendment introduced yesterday provides that, where Government property has been leased to private individuals, the Property Anona be paid by such persons.

But Interior Minister I. Bar-Yehuda, who presented the bill, admitted that the bill is not well-drafted and requires revision in committee. It is therefore not clear to which categories of occupants of Government property the bill will finally apply.

Herut and the Communists voted for the return of the Bill to the Government.

Equipment Mobilization

Without opposition, the Knesset passed to the Foreign Affairs and Security Committee a bill to extend for three months the validity of emergency regulations on the registration and mobilization of equipment for use by the Defence Forces. The regulations were issued just before the Sinai Campaign.

The Bill for the Control of the Export of Animals and Animal Products passed its final reading without opposition.

The beginning of the Budget debate has been postponed to next week. This morning's session will be devoted to motions for the agenda.

Sehar Refused Bail In Embezzlement Case

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — "This is the biggest case of fraud perpetrated in this country since the establishment of the State," Police Officer M. Goldman told Magistrate M. Zernobilsky here today. He was rekuesting that Mr. I. Sechar, Assistant Director of the Grant-in-Aid Division of the Finance Ministry, be detained for 15 days for questioning in the embezzlement of tens of thousands of pounds.

The suspect had had sole responsibility for the keeping of the Department's accounts and in the course of his duties had extracted large sums of money, Mr. Goldman said. The police had so far discovered IL 60,000 of the missing funds in the possession of various unauthorized persons.

The Magistrate rejected the plea of the suspect's defence attorney for the granting of bail to the accused on grounds of ill health. At the same time, the Magistrate recommended that Sehar be given a medical examination. *(Itim)*

Ex-Shura Member To Sue 'Haolam Hazeh'

A suit for IL1,500 damages for defamation of character will be lodged this morning in the Jerusalem Magistrate's Court against the "Haolam Hazeh" weekly by a former member of Shurat Hamitnadvim.

The plaintiff, Dr. Shlomo Simonsohn, of Jerusalem, a lecturer at the Tel Aviv University, claims that an item in the December 26 issue of the magazine insinuated that his break with the Shurat Hamitnadvim was connected with the charges that the Shura had levelled against Mr. Y. Raphael, M.K., and that Mr. Raphael, as Manager of the Rav Kook Institute, later arranged that the Institute publish Dr. Simonsohn's book on medieval Venetian Jewry.

Dr. Simonsohn asserted that the Institute had agreed to publish the book more than two-and-a-half years ago, two years before he left the Shura.

Y.M.C.A.

Illustrated Lecture

Korea Today: The Land and Its People

By Mr. Herman H. Roose
of Amsterdam, Holland
Chief of Mission in Korea for American Foundation for Overseas Blind, Inc.

PUBLIC WELCOME

8.30 p.m. Jan. 17

Cocktail Bar

73 Rehov Hayarkon, Tel Aviv, Tel. 22461

SUNDAY, JAN. 20, 9.30 p.m.

Grand Ball

for the Diplomatic Corps with large

Artistic Programme

including a

Fashion Show

Dresses: GIZI ILUSH
30 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv

Furs: ROSEN
72 Allenby Rd., Tel Aviv

Shoes: MANDLER
11 Rehov Bograshow, Tel Aviv

HATS: BEBE SPITZER
2 Rehov Syrkin, Tel Aviv

Make up and hairdoes: SALON ANNETTA
18 Rehov Mapu, Tel Aviv.

Invitations available nightly at the Cocktail Bar.

Dubbah Still Waiting

Jerusalem Post Reporter

"Dubbah," the 200-kilogram Syrian bear in the Jerusalem Biblical Zoo, yesterday continued to take her time about giving birth. It is believed that the blessed event will take place in the next few days.

"Dubbie," the male bear, is to be mated next with "Zarita," the four-year-old daughter of "Dubbah." "Dubbie" is nine-year-old.

"Dubbie" is to be transported to another cage for the meeting. A small railway line has been set up to transport the 400-kilogram animal.

No Arbitration On Raphael Charge

Jerusalem Post Reporter

Dr. Yohanan Bader, Herut M.K., said yesterday that in his opinion Prof. Yeshaya Leibowitz had never been interested in arbitration to end the libel case brought against him by Mr. Itzhak Raphael. He was speaking at a Press Conference in Jerusalem yesterday.

Dr. Bader was to have arbitrated a compromise formula in the Raphael-Leibowitz dispute. The libel claim was based on Prof. Leibowitz's charges that Mr. Raphael had smuggled diamonds into the country and was not prosecuted only because of the intervention of the Prime Minister.

Mr. Raphael, a Hapoel Hamizrahi M.K., filed a IL25,000 libel suit against Prof. Leibowitz last August, but dropped the case in October. Instead, he asked Dr. Bader to arbitrate the matter. Following a sharp exchange of letters in "Ha'aretz" last week between the two principals, the arbitration has now fallen through.

Dr. Bader told a press conference yesterday that Prof. Leibowitz, or at any rate his lawyer, Mr. Shmuel Tamir, must have known that the conditions they fixed for the arbitration agreement were likely to make the arbitration impossible even before it began.

He said he believed that Mr. Raphael was anxious for the arbitration to take place and had not imposed any prior conditions.

Dr Bader said that Prof. Leibowitz insisted that the arbitration proceedings be public, that court procedure be followed, and that the entire episode be aired.

By this Dr. Bader understood him to mean that Prof. Leibowitz wished an investigation not only of his charges against Mr. Raphael as an individual but of his charges that the powers that be, to perpetuate their power, cover up for members of the ruling oligarchy who are suspected of breaking the law.

Breach of Ethics

This would have involved passing judgment on persons not principals to the arbitration, something Dr. Bader regarded as a breach of ethics.

In addition, Prof. Leibowitz insisted that the proceedings be completed within three months. But if court procedure was followed, with each party having the right to submit preliminary questions to the other, the proceedings might easily last longer than three months.

Dr. Bader said that even if Mr. Raphael had been willing to agree to Prof. Leibowitz's "ultimatum," he himself would not have done so.

THE MINISTRY for religious Affairs announced yesterday that a *Heter Iska* (rabbinical permission which voids the religious prohibition against the taking of interest) has been in force for some time with regard to all loans floated by the Government.

THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA

American-Israel Cultural Foundation and the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra invite

Israeli Composers

To Compete for the

Sol Hurok Prize of IL1,000.

The prize-winning work will be performed by the Israel Philharmonic Orchestra at the Opening Concert of the FREDRIC R. MANN AUDITORIUM—"Heichal Hatarbut" in Tel Aviv.

There will also be a Second and a Third Prize of IL500 and IL300 respectively, which will be given by THE ISRAEL PHILHARMONIC ORCHESTRA.

DETAILS are obtainable at the I.P.O. Office, 56 Allenby Road, Tel Aviv, and at the Offices of the Association of Composers in Israel.

Iron Age Fort Found at Kadesh

The remains of a large fortress, probably dating back to the time of David and Solomon (Early Iron Age), have been discovered at Ein Kedeis, south of Ein Kudeirat (the traditional Kadesh Barnea of the Bible). The find was made by Dr. Yohanan Aharoni, of the Hebrew University's Department of Archaeology, while on a tour of the northern Sinai with a group of his students.

The name, Ein Kedeis, stems from the ancient Kadesh, it is believed. The fortress was built of large crude stones, oval in plan and adapted to the natural terrain, with casemates lining the inside of the surrounding wall. It is the largest and southernmost fortress of this type so far discovered in the area, and evidently guarded the road and spring at the site.

At Ein Kudeirat, where the remnants of a fortress of the Middle Iron Age had previously been discovered, Dr. Aharoni found traces of a large Nebatean settlement.

Dr. Aharoni and the students also inspected three mounds at Sheikh Zuweid, half-way between Rafah and El Arish. One of these had already been excavated some 20 years ago by Sir Flinders Petrie, but on the second, Dr. Aharoni found substantial remains of the Hellenistic and Roman-Byzantine period, which would support the identification of this site with the Roman-Byzantine town of Betulion.

On the third tel, hard by the seaside, Dr. Aharoni discovered numerous stamped potsherds of the Roman period, showing that this was probably the central part of the area.

J'lem Children Listen to the Band

Mamillah Garden in Jerusalem yesterday rocked to the sound of the capital's "kindergarten population" in an early Tu B'Shvat celebration.

Some 7,000 children, dressed in their holiday best, flocked with their teachers to the park to spend the morning listening to the Police Band and singing to the music.

Today at 3 p.m., Mayor Gershon Agron is to formally open the city's new playgrounds at a ceremony held at the sports grounds in the Greek Colony.

Michael Zelmanov Dies, Aged 51

TEL AVIV, Tuesday. — The death took place at the Hadassah Hospital last night of Michael Zelmanov, for 21 years the Habima cashier — known to every theatre lover in this country as "Misha." He was 51. The funeral was held today.

An actor by vocation, "Misha" appeared at the "Teatron Ivri" since he came to this country, in 1923, but could never overcome his native Russian accent. He accepted the post of cashier in 1935. An incurable illness kept Zelmanov in the hospital for the major part of the past year. He is survived by his wife and daughter.

TO LET

on Mt. Carmel
beautifully furnished 3 room flat
(refrigerator, gas stove, washing machine), centrally located, quiet surroundings, facing Mediterranean.
Gourevitch Advocate, 11 Rehov Shapira, Tel Aviv. Tel 2305

Apology

We wish to express our regret for the publication in "Here and Now," of February 8, 1956, of an article entitled "Song-Hit in Court," which described an alleged court action in the Haifa District Court against Mr. Issachar Miron (Michrovski), the composer, and Mr. Yehiel Hagiz, the poet, authors of the song "Tzena Tzena."

It has come to our knowledge that there was no basis whatsoever for this article, and since its publication was liable to cause the authors public and professional damage, we hereby publicly express our regret for the publication of the article, and tender our apologies to Messrs. Issachar Miron (Michrovski) and Yehiel Hagiz for the distress caused to them.

For "Here and Now,"
S. BEN ELIEZER

WANTED
Elegantly
furnished room
with separate entrance for single gentleman (foreign resident).
Write: No. 2594, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

Young American
desires to participate actively in, and to invest up to $25,000 in going business capable of showing good profits.
Write full details to: No. 3455, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

Economic Statistics
Temporary half-time job sought in Jerusalem.
Long-standing experience.
Knowledge of Hebrew, English, French and German.
Please write: No. 1446, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

Required
Efficiency Engineer
for food factory.
Mechanical engineer preferred.
Please apply in writing to: P.O.B. 1593, Haifa.

Sharett Tells M.K.'s of Cold Shoulder Found at Bangkok

By MALKA RABINOWITZ, Jerusalem Post Reporter

An atmosphere of isolation "such as I have never experienced at any international gathering" surrounded the Israel delegation to the Interparliamentary Union conference held soon after the Sinai campaign, Mr. Moshe Sharett, M.K., told a meeting of the local branch of the Union on Monday at the Knesset.

Mr. Sharett headed the three-man delegation comprising Mr. D. Hacohen and Miss R. Zabari, M.K.'s, to the conference, which was held in Bangkok between November 8 and November 15 with the participation of 42 countries.

Pointing up the position in which the Israel delegation found itself, Mr. Sharett noted that he walked up to the conference rostrum to make his speech amidst "crashing silence," despite the almost unfailing custom at such conferences of politely applauding each speaker as his name is called.

Two factors eased Israel's difficult position, Mr. Sharett said, — the major emphasis placed by the conference on the Soviet suppression in Hungary and the comparative absence of Arab delegations.

Iraqi Delegate 'Temperate'

Iraq was the only Arab country with a parliament, of those who fought Israel in 1948, whose delegate showed up, and he referred to Israel only briefly and with restraint. The Iraqi delegate even "festively announced" that the Arabs would now be willing to accept the 1947 boundaries.

The Pakistani delegate devoted only a sentence to Israel, to the effect that "Israel's aggression is a well-known international fact." This remark was "for some reason" enthusiastically applauded by the head of the British delegation. "Perhaps he hadn't been listening very carefully," Mr. Sharett commented.

The only lengthy attack against Israel occurred in a "poisonous" speech by the Sudanese delegate. The head of the Norwegian delegation, in his address, while admitting Israel's very real problems, said this did not justify aggression. In later informal discussions, he was sympathetic towards Israel's problems but said: "We don't want atomic bombs dropping on us because of you. You brought us close to a world war."

Friendly relations were established only with representatives from France and Holland and to a lesser extent with Burma. The head of the United States delegation deliberately avoided any contact with the Israelis, Mr. Sharett said.

Of No Practical Value

All three delegates reported that the hospitality and accommodation provided by the Thailand government were "overwhelming." They agreed too that the international gathering was almost devoid of any practical value. It was important, however, to participate in them because of the opportunity provided for personal contacts and hearings among representatives of other countries.

Held in a Knesset conference room and attended by representatives of all parties, the meeting was marked by good humoured informality. The listeners, apparently touched by Mr. Sharett's description of the coldness which met his speech at Bangkok, strenuously applauded his report.

Second Cargal Carton Load Through Eilat

A shipment of 220 tons of Cargal cartons will be loaded aboard ship in Eilat this week for shipment to East Africa, the Cargal Company announced last night. This is the second shipment through Eilat in less than two weeks.

A third consignment is now being readied to go out on the next ship leaving Eilat.

ESPIONAGE.—Thirteen persons have been arrested in north-east Italy in the area bordering Yugoslavia, and charged with spying for a foreign power, the Italian Interior Ministry announced yesterday.

Hitahdut Olei America v'Canada
Tel Aviv Branch
In co-operation with Z.O.A. House announces the first in a new series of
TOWN HALL MEETINGS
Public Debates (in English) on vital subjects
How Can Wages Keep Up with The Cost of Living?
The Speakers:
AARON GILAT, Vaad Hapoel of the Histadrut
ELIEZER LIVNEH, Editor "B'Terem"
JOSEPH SAPIR, Knesset Member.
Tomorrow, January 17, at 8.30 p.m. promptly
Z.O.A. HOUSE AUDITORIUM

BEN-ZVI

(Continued from Page 1)

was yet another "memorial of the Exodus from Egypt" and wished officers and crew that their strength might increase. Mrs. Ben-Zvi added: "May they multiply, who conquer for Israel by sea."

The Presidential party, which included the Minister of Police, Mr. Bechor Shitreet, had travelled from Jerusalem by the normal morning train. They were accompanied by the Chief of Protocol, Naval Reserve Lieut. Ami Michael Simon; the District Superintendent of Police, Levi Avrahami, and, as far as Hartuv, by the Minister of Transport, Mr. Y. Carmel.

Also in the party were the President's son, daughter-in-law and granddaughter.

Mr. Ben-Zvi was greeted at Haifa Station by O.C. Navy, Aluf Shlomo Tzukus. At the destroyers' quay, they inspected a naval guard of honour.

After examining the Eilat and Haifa, the President was shown round the Maritime Museum in the Sailor's House. They were shown the Ibrahim's logbook and operational maps indicating her targets for October 31. She was to have shelled the port, the P.E.C. power station and the Government Hospital at Bat Yam.

Mr. Ben-Zvi paid honour to the merchant mariner by lunching aboard the s.s. Israel.

At a reception in the Officers' Club on Mount Carmel in the evening, he was presented with a souvenir of his day with the Navy and of the Sinai Campaign — the nameplate of the "Ibrahim el Awal," which, he suggested, might have been renamed "Avraham Avinu," the Patriarch Abraham.

Wanted
Responsible Mechanical Draftsman
Please apply in writing or in person to:
MAKHTESHIM, Chemical Works Ltd.,
Industrial Zone, Beersheba. Phone 104.

Required for
BARCLAYS BANK D.C.O.
Jerusalem
Experienced Hebrew English
Shorthand-Typist
with ability to translate
Apply in writing in the first instance to:
BARCLAYS BANK, D.C.O.
Local Director's Office,
P.O.B. 1092, Jerusalem.

Two Aeronautical Engineers or Mechanical Engineers
familiar with Production Engineering
Required by MINISTRY OF DEFENCE
Please apply in writing including Curriculum Vitae and professional background with full details, not later than Feb. 5 1957, to: Ministry of Defence, Hasirya, Tel Aviv.

Classified Advertisements

Published on Sundays, Wednesdays Fridays
Accepted at all JERUSALEM POST advertising offices

JERUSALEM: 9 Rehov Hanevi'im
TEL AVIV: 32 Nahlat Binyamin; 15 Rehov Frishman (Barth Sweet Shop)
HAIFA: Siffi's Bookshop, Central Carmel, 1 Khayat Street; Hadar Bookshop, Rehov Herut; Dr. Fleger's Bookshop, 39 Rehov Koren
BAYANOT, Kiryat Bialik.
RAMAT GAN: Hakol Lanoar, 51 Rehov Hatiza
NATANYA: A. Pompan, 9 Rehov Herzl
Advertisements also accepted through all recognized agencies

Dwellings—Premises

MODERN 1½ roomed flat for sale in Jerusalem, available May 1. No agents. Apply: No. 20465, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

WANTED to rent one to three roomed furnished flat; preferably near sea or central Tel Aviv. Write No. 29679, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

WANTED in Tel Aviv 1½-2 roomed flat, maximum monthly rental: IL80, 9-12 month period. Write No. 29678, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

WANTED to buy self-contained small room near Hakirya or Dan Hotel, Tel Aviv. Offers: P.O.B. 3156, Tel Aviv.

WANTED to buy 3-room flat in Tel Aviv, Chen Blvd. or vicinity. No agents. Apply: CL 22482, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

TO LET well furnished room to single person. Breakfast optional. Near 22 and 23 bus stops Mt. Carmel. Apply: No. 29951, P.O.B. 68, Haifa.

Lessons

INTERESTED in learning English Correspondence, Shorthand and French—private lessons or in group. Mornings only. Apply in writing to: "Tuition," P.O.B. 1659, Tel Aviv.

ENGLISH shorthand lessons Greer system, beginners and speed. Phone 28078, Tel Aviv.

Lost — Found

LOST in Jerusalem Identity Card in the name of Zvia Fisher. Finder please return to: No. 29469, P.O.B. 81, Jerusalem.

Paying Guests

FULL board and lodging offered to tourists. Israel Gershon, 74 Rehov Yehoshua, B'nei Efrayim.

Purchase-Sale

RECORDS Long-play—Standard—Buying—Selling. Official prices. Radio Union, 116 Dizengoff Rd., Tel Aviv.

MUSIC UNIVERSUM Ahiseah Ltd. buys sheet music and records in good condition. 6 Rehov Hanevi'im, Tel 3295, Haifa.

Optics—Photo

PHOTO BRENNER
31 Rehov Hehalutz, Haifa. Tel. 4137. Amateur photography and copies of documents.

Situations Wanted

BABY sitter, reliable person speaking Hebrew, English, German, Arabic seeks work 2 times per week. Write: N.A. c/o Shabir's Music Shop, 2 Rehov Ben Yehuda, Jerusalem.

TYPIST, English — Hebrew — French, seeks work. Apply: No. 23685, P.O.B. 1125, Tel Aviv.

FRENCH shorthand-typist secretary, experienced office worker and bookkeeper, good knowledge of Hebrew, English, German, seeks suitable position. Write: No. 2713, Reuven Advertising, P.O.B. 4466, Tel Aviv.

EXPERIENCED
Technical Storekeeper
would like to change position. Please write: No. 28850, P.O.B. 86, Haifa.

THE JERUSALEM
POST

Founded as The Palestine Post in 1932. Published daily except on Saturday in Jerusalem by The Palestine Post Limited. Registered at the G.P.O.

Founder
GERSHON AGRON

Managing Editor
TED R. LURIE

Editorial Office and Management: JERUSALEM, 9 Hahavatzelet, P.O.B. 81. Tel. 4281 (4 lines). TEL AVIV Bureau: 32 Nahlat Binyamin. P.O.B. 1128. Tel. 4281/3. HAIFA Bureau: 1 Rehov Khayat. P.O.B. 68. Tel. 4284 (3 lines). Subscriptions: IL40.000 per year.

Wednesday, January 16, 1957
24 Shvat 5717, 28 Jamad Thani, 1376

A BUDGET Speech should normally be the high point of a year's practical economic thinking and presentation. It should present a summary of the past year's activities together with a prognosis of development in the year to come.

THE BUDGET SPEECH

From the time of the budget speech until the budget is approved by Parliament, critical politicians cross-examine the Finance Ministry's economists, study the figures presented and suggest amendments.

The Knesset does not insist on that rigorous budget secrecy which the British Parliament demands. As a result the main structure and particulars of the budget are usually made public a few weeks before the actual Budget Speech is presented. This year, the budget was published three weeks ago, immediately after its approval by the Cabinet. Some details were leaked out to the press a week before that.

Last week, the Finance Ministry sent out to Knesset Members and the Press two bulky 1,000 page books with full details on the coming budget and descriptions of the activities of Ministries in the past and future.

Owing to all this advance information it is hardly surprising that Mr. Levi Eshkol's speech on Monday came as an anti-climax. In his one-and-a-half-hour address he did not reveal anything that had not been published in the last few weeks. On the other hand, he did not try to explain how and why certain developments influenced the present state of our economy. He would not make any prediction regarding economic developments in the coming year, preferring to repeat some familiar generalities. "Limit imports, increase productivity, and increase exports," as well as "to develop the economy will demand much sacrifice." He hardly mentioned the strain of the Defence Budget or our difficulties in finding adequate foreign currency resources.

The Third Knesset, like its two predecessors, does not number many economists. Most members have little economic training, and their interest in politics causes them to regard economic facts as unwelcome intruders. It is no wonder that in the present situation, where foreign policy and the very future of the state are concerned, there is little enthusiasm for the discussion of the Budget. Mr. Eshkol might have done something more than he did to kindle enthusiasm by dwelling more on the manner in which Israel's economic problems both affect and are affected by foreign relations.

During the Budget Speech, Mr. Begin walked around peddling a vote of "no-confidence" in the Government on its evacuation from the Sinai. Other Members of the Knesset read newspapers and magazines, or discussed acute problems with their colleagues. Only Dr. Y. Bader showed enough interest in Mr. Eshkol's speech to interrupt with a comment or two. Of the sixteen Cabinet Ministers, an average of four only were in their seats in the Knesset.

The Finance Ministry has made notable advances in the last couple of years regarding the preparation of the budget, and has recruited economists with a more flexible outlook. It is to be hoped that in his reply to the Budget debate Mr. Eshkol will wed his directness and power of persuasion to the expert advice of his team to give the Knesset a more searching analysis of the way in which he visualizes the State of the Economy in the coming year.

U.S. ENVOY TO FRANCE GETS CABINET POST

WASHINGTON, Tuesday (UP). — President Eisenhower today announced the appointment of Mr. Thomas F. Dillon, Ambassador to France, as Deputy Undersecretary of State for Economic Affairs. The appointment is subject to Senate approval.

Mr. Dillon, who has been in Paris since 1953, replaces Mr. H. Brosbow, who resigned recently.

The American Scene — *By Patrick O'Donovan*

Assault on the Filibuster

WASHINGTON (OENS). — ONE fact that has emerged out of the last Presidential election in America is the diminution of the authority of the Southern States and of their great parliamentary leaders. It is a development that will please most reasonable men in this country—outside the South. The power that rose out of the seniority of their leaders and their habit of voting as a bloc to maintain their private ends was quite disproportionate to their numbers. The northern and far more liberal and far larger wing of the Democratic Party too often in the Congress appeared to be a junior branch of the party.

Part of the first business of the reassembled Congress is a frontal assault on the entrenched power of the South. This is directed at their right in the Senate to "filibuster," i.e. to talk and talk until the chance of passing a Bill they hate has been killed. Three Northern Senators have declared their intention of outlawing this curious right.

Talking Marathon

It starts like this. One of them moves to consider a Bill which is, of its nature, anathema to the South—a Federal fair employment practice Bill which would give the Negroes the right to appeal to Washington against any discrimination in the trades unions or in industry or a Bill to make lynching a Federal offence—which would take the case of the white killers out of the hands of the invariably sympathetic local courts.

Both these motions run counter to all that is most "sacred" in the South. The inevitable Southern reaction would be to start a talking marathon. This can be limited only by a vote of 64 Senators, i.e. two-thirds of the entire membership. This is almost impossible to achieve; Senate business is paralysed and the filibusters prevail.

Session Rules

To end this these Senators are taking a different approach. They will suggest that the Senate is not a "continuing body," that its rules of procedure should be re-adopted at the start of every session — as is done in the House of Representatives. And they will force the discussion of these rules of procedure — which include the right to filibuster.

The most unfortunate man in the whole case is Richard Nixon, the Vice-President, who presides over the Senate and must declare on points of order which are going to come thick and fast. He will have to declare his position far too early for comfort in the new session.

Twice before in recent years attempts have been made to limit filibustering and they were wrecked on the rock of Southern parliamentary skill, intransigence, and willingness to make little bargains behind the scenes to give support for unlikely questions from unlikely quarters. Even now the liberals are not optimistic of success.

New Approach to Press

THE Administration in the United States in the last few months, has changed its technique in dealing with the public via the Press. They have become secretive and now believe in selective favouritism. This is a curious and complicated manner of conducting a Government, particularly under a Constitution that makes no allowance for Governmental announcements in the Congress —as does happen in the British, French and Italian Parliaments.

Until recently the great Washington Press conference was a major organ of Government. In his four years of office, President Eisenhower has given 90 full-scale Press Conferences, his Secretary of State, Mr. Dulles, has given 79 and his Secretary of Defence, Mr. Charles Wilson, 66.

This sounds impressive, but it must be compared with Mr. Truman's 324 conferences in almost eight years of office, and Franklin D. Roosevelt's staggering 998 in the just over 12 years he was President. And these last, too, when the Press conference did not loom so large in administration, where almost everyone was available for private and, if necessary, impertinent questioning.

Mr. Dulles has become patently unhappy at his own Press conferences where something like real dissatisfaction with American foreign policy was being expressed in virtually every American question. The Presidential conferences have become little more than old-fashioned court occasions at which formal expressions of goodwill and high intentions were enunciated. It is possible that the President, too, became bored with them.

Now the news is "leaked" by a Presidential assistant to a selected correspondent or by Mr. Dulles at a small dinner party to half a dozen of the chosen. The result is a mounting confusion in the American Press, an appearance of irresponsible sensationalism as the outsiders try to keep up with the insiders.

The news of the change in American Middle East policy was announced in this manner — hinted on the first day to the "New York Times," expanded on the second to the chosen six. This Administration is conscious of not being supported by the major American writers — and they are men who wield the authority of major legislators here — and this is apparently a new move to flatter and satisfy them. It is not working.

PEN FRIENDS

RIET VYGE, 21, of Meltweg 28, Groningen, Holland, is very interested in Israel and would like to know it better through regular correspondence, although she is not a Jewess. She is a library assistant and her hobbies are music, sports, literature.

By arrangement with "Ma'ariv"

Readers' Letters

PUBLIC RELATIONS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — Reading our Prime Minister's address to the Central Committee of Mapai, in *The Jerusalem Post* of January 11 — a survey so brilliant in conception and so moving in its decency and modesty — I venture to make the following suggestion:

The speech should be reprinted in English, and most carefully translated into French, German, Spanish, Dutch and perhaps one or two other languages, and copies made available to everyone here for the price of a few prutot. I feel sure that many of us would be glad to mail such a copy to our Jewish — and even more important — Gentile friends and business acquaintances abroad. Many business undertakings here send letters and printed matter to other countries daily. Why not insert a copy of the speech into each envelope?

The speech should be printed exactly as shown in *The Jerusalem Post*, i.e. on ordinary newsprint. People are far more apt to reading a newspaper page than a pompous pamphlet and we do want to induce them to read the speech. In addition, it is inexpensive and modest to look at and modesty is still something cherished by decent people all over the world.

The place of the advertisement shown on the same page should be filled by a clearly drawn map of that part of the Middle East which figures in Mr. Ben-Gurion's address and the names mentioned therein should be underlined. The reverse side could show some good pictures in connection with the speech, e.g. Eilat, frontier settlements, etc.

Thus many of us would be able to help increase the information which — as everybody agrees — is so badly needed abroad. Yours, etc.

Dr. L. BISNER

Jerusalem, January 12.

WAR AND PEACE

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir,—During all these years, Egypt has openly declared herself to be in a state of war with us while we reiterated our desire for peace.

Had we taken up the challenge of Egypt and declared ourselves to be in a state of war with Egypt, this would hardly have changed our international position but would have justified our retaliatory actions against the *fedayeen* bases in the eyes of the world, and would not have caused us to be condemned as aggressors as a result of our Sinai campaign. Yours, etc.

D. R.

Tel Aviv, January 2.

ALBERT EINSTEIN

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — The Estate of Albert Einstein, of which I am the Executor, is preparing Einstein's voluminous correspondence for publication. I should be most grateful if those who are in possession of letters or communications from Albert Einstein would make copies available to me. Originals that may be sent me will be copied or photostated and returned with the least possible delay.

I should also be glad to receive any material or reminiscences about Albert Einstein's non-scientific activities, chiefly before about 1930. My address is 65 East 10th Street, New York, 3, N.Y. U.S.A.

Yours, etc.

OTTO NATHAN

New York, January.

ELECTRIC BOILERS

Editor, The Jerusalem Post

Sir, — In connection with the recent restrictions in the use of electricity, the P.E.C. have announced that only people who have boilers approved by them can use such boilers, to the extent of 60 kwh. per month.

Following these emergency regulations, hundreds of people have been rushing to P.E.C. headquarters, to electricians, building contractors, Engineers' House, etc. etc., in order to abide by a ruling which should have been imposed as and when a consumer applied for electricity.

The P.E.C. is the cause of these difficulties, as well as the high prices demanded by electricians to help straighten up the illegal position consumers found themselves in suddenly. In my opinion, therefore, consumers having unapproved boilers should be allowed to use them until such time as they will be in a position to get the required approval.

Yours, etc.

"DISSATISFIED CUSTOMER"

(Name and Address Supplied)

Ramat Itshak, January 1.

P.E.C. Replies

We would point out that the ruling that no electric boiler may be used without our prior approval is a well-known standing requirement of the Corporation. Your reader's complaint that it "should have been imposed as an when a consumer applied for electricity" might well be amended to read: "should have been complied with" — by the consumer — at the proper time, i.e. when the boiler was first connected in his premises.

The purpose of the required approval is to ensure firstly, in the interests of safety, that the appliance has a test certificate of the Standards Institution of Israel and, secondly, that it is of suitable current rating for operating continuously as a storage water heater during off-peak hours.

It is in the interests of consumers themselves, from the point of view of safety—quite apart from present electricity restrictions — to avoid using electric boilers that have not been so approved.

Y. FRIEDLAENDER
L/C Public Relations

Haifa, January 8.

Yesterday's Press

Talk About Facts

IT is generally believed, writes **Ha'aretz** (non-party) that the budget speech should be a rich source of information on the country's economic position, its budget structure, the Treasury's plans and the Government's aims in connection with it. Yet anyone who got his information from Mr. Eshkol's speech in the Knesset Monday night may have learned a good deal about economic development in recent years but heard very little about the budget itself and absolutely nothing about the present position of the economy and its trends. This was no budget speech but a bid for Knesset approval of a budget which, according to all indications, will shortly have to undergo amendment. If the debate is not to be simply a formal ceremony in the course of the discussion Mr. Eshkol should fill in what he has so lamentably ignored.

Davar (Histadrut) comments that the trade gap overshadows any noticeable gains we may have made in the past year, but a successful penetration of foreign markets is only possible if we can secure currency and price stability at home. To that end the Histadrut's new wage policy has made a notable contribution, but industry and commerce must also realise that there is no hope for higher production unless they bridle personal income and consumption.

The Finance Minister's speech, writes **Haboker** (General Zionist), opened with war expenditure but otherwise its content took no account of the war or the severe tests that are looming on the horizon. The speech not only failed to add to our understanding but shrouded in fog spots that ordinarily should have been clear. We do not doubt that production will increase with investments and with the cultivated area, but no mention has been made of rational production.

Hatzofe (World Mizrahi) writes that the proposed budget is a heavy one and is designed to cover many important items of which the new immigration wave is not the least. It should be scanned afresh for possible cuts in expenditure, with an eye to income and the population's burden. The coming year will demand special economic measures activated by a well-balanced budget.

Sinai Stand

Israel's determined stand in the Gaza Strip and Sharm e-Sheikh as well as the coming storm at the U.N. Assembly absorb the interest of **Al Hamishmar** (Mapam) and **Lamerhav** (Ahdut Ha'avoda), which notes that we shall demand guarantees — not the offhand promises that the U.N. half-heartedly gives and feels unable to fulfil, but ironclad guarantees that will assure us security and freedom of passage through the Eilat Straits. We seek no clash with the United Nations but if the coming Assembly tries to push us back we shall have to defy it and defend ourselves with our back to the wall.

Davar writes that if the U.N. tries to return offensive positions to the Egyptians at Sharm e-Sheikh, it cannot with one hand betray its own principles and with the other demand respect for it and its resolutions. According to **Hatzofe**, the Straits of Eilat are as vital to Israel as Haifa Harbour.

Herut laments the decision to lower the Israel flag from the El Arish mast and to pull out of the Abu Agella triangle. The whole withdrawal, it writes, has been a mistake. Had Israel held onto Sinai, the pressure on us would have been just what it is now, but we should have held a distinct advantage. It is not only at El Arish that the flag has been lowered, but in all areas where the Israel forces have proved triumphant. It is being lowered by small men, "pigmies of vision" who could not rise to the greatness of the hour.

MUSICAL DIARY

Israel Philharmonic Orchestra —Third Youth Concert. S. Celibidache, conductor. Haim Zemach, cello (Ohel Shem, January 9). Schubert: "Unfinished Symphony"; Haydn: Cello Concerto. Stravinsky: "Firebird."

MR. Celibidache's "Unfinished" is a thing of beauty, although his dynamics are not quite authentic. As Schubert hardly intended *pianissimo* to be the toneless and barely audible sound into which the Maestro forced the Orchestra. But one readily concedes this licence for the clarity and poetry of his performance.

Haim Zemach, one of the I.P.O.'s young cellists, made his debut in Haydn's very difficult Concerto, which he played with fine technique, full tone and good musicianship after overcoming his initial shyness.

During the "Firebird" it was interesting to watch the children. The lively movements amused them immensely and they grew so excited that they all but joined in the fun. But Mr. Celibidache had them quiet with a flick of his hand. His wonderful interpretation of this work has been praised here before.

Ilona Vitzna, piano; Lorand Fenyves, violin; Alice Fenyves, viola; Thelma Yellin, cello. (Tel Aviv Museum, January 11). Mozart-Bach: Prelude and Fugue in D-minor; Mozart: Divertimento, K. 563; Brahms: Quartet, op. 25.

THE opening item was a Mozart experiment, more interesting than successful, to write a substitute for one of Bach's most concise and moving Preludes. It seems to have been a task above even Mozart.

The Divertimento, on the other hand, could (if there were not so many) be called a pinnacle of Mozart's art. The interpretation on this occasion, however, was not a very happy one, the artists' approach being rather too intelligent, as a result of which they rather overdid everything and Beethovenized a great deal. They also forced both tone and pace, often to the detriment of their intonation.

The Brahms was dealt with in a much more straightforward manner and received a full-blooded interpretation, though the ensemble was too much in the foreground. There were many very fine moments and the *alla Zingarese* finale was done with great virtuosity, especially by the pianist.

W. A.

Haifa Chamber Music Society. Yona Ettlinger, clarinet; Uzi Wiesel, cello; Moshe Lustig, piano. (Beit Haroofe, January 13). K. Ph. E. Bach: Sonata for clarinet and cello; Robert Schumann: Three "Phantasiestücke" for clarinet and piano, op. 73; Serge Prokofiev: Sonata for cello and piano; Brahms: Trio in A-minor for piano, clarinet and cello, op. 114.

THE Haifa Chamber Music Society programmes have been including more and more compositions for soloists or two instruments, thus leaving the strictly limited line of chamber music but advancing happily into the wider field of musical literature. From this point of view Schumann and Prokofiev were the evening's experience.

Schumann's "Phantasiestücke" resemble his piano solo pieces of the same title. Here the clarinet carries the songlike melody, expressive, vivid and passionate. Ettlinger and Lustig gave the pieces a delicate and refined reading, without exaggerating the sentimental effects.

Prokofiev's work is full of magical rhythms, of witty and sensitive themes. These contrasts offer a good opportunity to every artist to show his conception of the music. Mr. Wiesel played the work with intelligence and excellent musicianship. Lustig could have supported the end for a better climax, but nevertheless it was felt that his heart too was in it.

The Brahms work has some weak and dull spots and does not show the superb quality of his contemporary works, but the three artists joining made the best of it.

G.W.-B.

Although no one spoke outright against the performance of the "forbidden music," a variety of suggestions were raised by a number of participants. These ranged from selecting works according to their mythological contents ("Tristan" allowed, the "Ring" *verboten!*) to complete unfettered freedom.

The IPO came in for criticism in that, after courageously having put "Don Juan" on its programme, it did not see it through; the Minister for Education and Culture's intervention was in the form of advice and not prohibition. Mr. Aranne's statement, during the recent Knesset Debate, that "Sounds after their birth live their own life, and there is no point in forbidding them" was taken by some speakers as basic argument for their reasoning.

Y. BOEHM

"Forbidden Music in Our Country," (Beit Club, January 7).

THE recently revived clash of opinions over Richard and Wagner and its ramifications in general were the subject of a free exchange of views under the auspices of the Music Circle of the Beit Club.

Work Cut Out for Macmillan

NEW PREMIER'S INDEPENDENT OUTLOOK AN ASSET

By a Special Correspondent

LONDON.—HAROLD Macmillan is a survivor, like Sir Anthony Eden, of that "lost generation" that walked from a settled world into the machine-gun fire of the First World War. He was 20 when the war began, and he left Balliol, where he had won an Exhibition from Eton, joined the Grenadier Guards and served with them throughout the conflict.

He went back to Oxford when it was over, but without completing his degree, left for Canada to become A.D.C. to the Governor-General, the Duke of Devonshire. His subsequent marriage to the Duke's daughter brought him into contact with all the great Conservative houses of Britain, and in 1924 he entered Parliament as Tory M.P. for Stockton-on-Tees.

During the muddles and indecisive period of the Baldwin regime, Macmillan showed himself clear-sightedly critical of his party's failure to do anything positive about unemployment in the great depression, and for a time led a "ginger group" to urge fresh economic policies — of a Keynesian kind — on the Government. More revealing was his subsequent disagreement with his party's Foreign Secretary, then Mr. Eden, when Eden proposed the withdrawal of sanctions imposed on Fascist Italy in 1936. Macmillan called this weak and unworthy of Britain and refused to toe his party's line.

From then onwards, through the years of almost unopposed Fascist advance, up to the outbreak of Hitler's war, he was looked on as a rebel, mercilessly teasing the young Under-Secretary who stonewalled in the Commons for the Foreign Office — Mr. R. A. Butler.

Up the Ladder

His time came in 1940. Winston Churchill came to power, and Macmillan got a job, first in the Ministry of Supply, and then as Under-Secretary for the Colonies. Then, in 1943, came his first opportunity in foreign affairs. He was sent out to Algiers as Minister-Resident at Allied Headquarters, where he worked closely with General Eisenhower and dealt with some of the most awkward political problems of the war. Within the framework of Cabinet policy, he often acted on his own initiative, Churchill and Eden looked to his advice and found it good.

In this task Macmillan learned both the limits of British power, and the extent of her potential influence. He learned to set on the assumption that Anglo-American harmony was a prime necessity. He was also one of the first to see that Russia's war-time expansion would be turned into a post-war menace, and that the terrible weakness of France would mean weakness for post-war Europe.

His most recent activity for closer economic ties between Britain and the continent lead back to the conclusion he then formed that Britain ought to take a lead in drawing Europe together. And after the Conservative defeat in 1945, in which he lost his own Parliamentary seat for a time, he became one of the first and firmest members of the United Europe movement.

Since foreign affairs dominated his interests, it was only under pressure that he accepted the post of Minister of Housing in 1951, but he fulfilled his pledge to build 300,000 houses a year, showed that he could manage a department with vigour, and drive his proposals through Cabinet committees unscathed. It was from this personal triumph that in April 1955 he reached his longed-for goal — "my ambition ever since the war" — the Foreign Office.

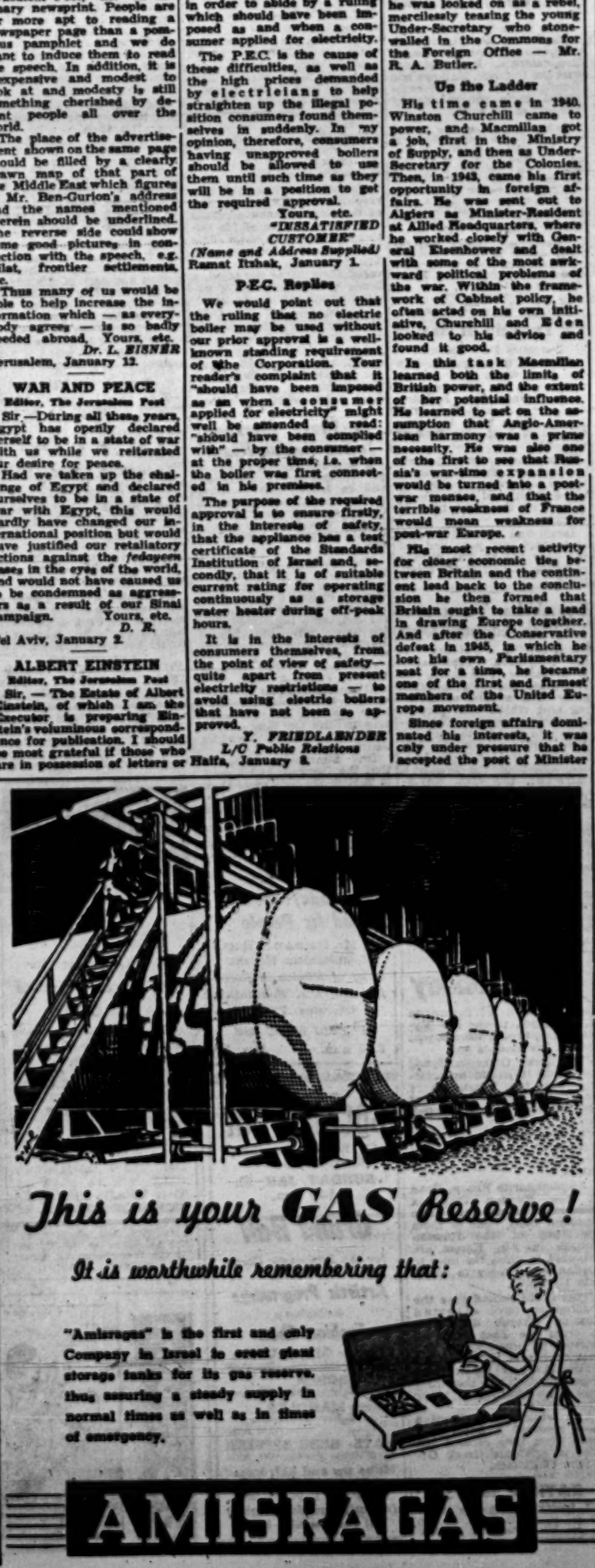
Mr. Macmillan

But serving under Prime Minister Eden turned into an anti-climax, for Eden could not — or was not willing — to shed his own overriding authority in foreign affairs. Macmillan held the job less than a year. He denied that he had been unhappy in it, but said that he had taken over from Mr. Butler as Chancellor of the Exchequer "at the personal request of the Prime Minister, and because it seemed to be my duty."

For Firm Policy

When the Suez crisis loomed, Macmillan ranged himself with Eden and Lord Salisbury for strong measures: "the nations most interested, and with the greatest responsibility, must act in an emergency;" and when the venture ran foul, "I hope and believe that what we have set our hands to will be of benefit — in the long run — both to our country and mankind."

The coming months will be decisive in Macmillan's career. His place in history will depend on his ability to grasp the nature of a new situation in which old concepts of security and of international relations will need radical revision. It will demand all the intellectual and political courage he has shown in the past.

(Copyright)

SELECTION
JANUARY 1957
LA GUERRE ATOMIQUE est-elle possible ?
Lisez dans *Sélection* de Janvier *pourquoi* on pourrait, peut-être *l'éviter*. Achetez dès aujourd'hui votre *Sélection* de Janvier.
Price : 500 Pruta
Obtainable everywhere
Sole Distributor :
Steimatzky's Agency